

If You Don't
Take The Standard you
don't get the news—you
would if you did.

The Chelsea Standard.

If You Don't
Advertise in The Standard
you don't get the trade
you would if you did.

VOL. XI. NO. 12.

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1899.

WHOLE NUMBER 532

We have just received two
Big lots of the newest
style



SHIRT WAISTS

New Muslin Underwear

Children's drawers 12c.
Ladies' drawers 25 and 29c.
Ladies' corset covers 25c.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Butterick's patterns for May now on sale.

CLOTHING. RAFTREY. CLOTHING.

GLASS FRONT TAILORING PARLORS.

We are showing the largest stock of Woolsens of any town in Michigan and are selling more than ever. Our pay roll was larger last month than any Merchant Tailoring Business in any town twice the size of Chelsea. We keep the stock to sell from and the help to make it, and the price to meet the times.

Samples Furnished on Application.
Special Price to Clubs of Three or More.

Top Coats \$10.00 and up.
Suits \$15.00 and up.
Trousers \$3.00 and up.
Vests \$2.00 and up.

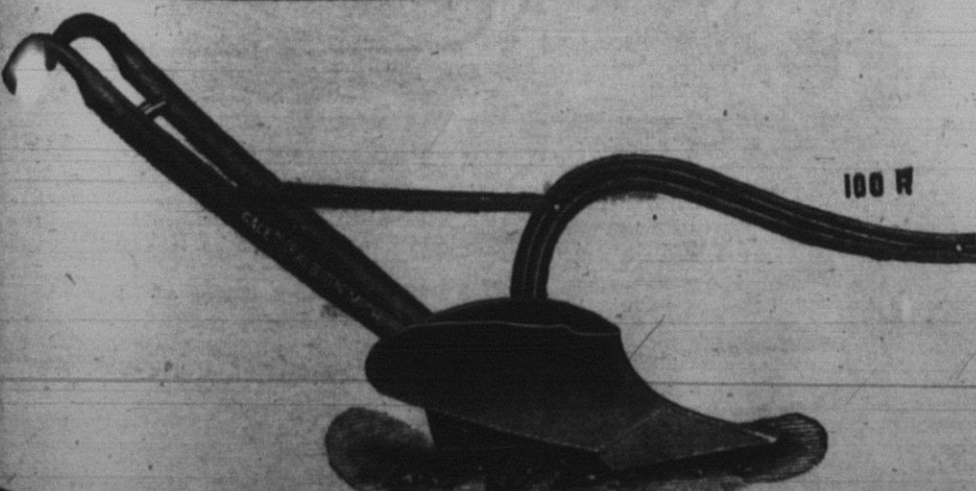
J. J. Raftrey.

CLOTHING. RAFTREY. CLOTHING.

WE SELL THE NEW

GALE PLOW

with Steel or Wood Beam.



Farm Wagons, Tubular Steel Axle at the lowest prices. Special low prices on Spring-tooth Harrows, Buckeye and Empire Drills.

FURNITURE at reduced prices for April
W. J. KNAPP.

INJURED BY CARS

Lewis Maag Attempted to Board
a Rapidly Moving
Train.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

He was Removed to the University Hos-
pital this Morning.

Another name has been added to the list of those who have either been killed or wounded by the cars at this place. The last accident occurred about 7 o'clock Saturday morning. Lewis Maag of Circleville, O., had stopped at this place the night before and in attempting to catch on a freight train which was running at about twenty-five miles an hour was thrown against the car in such manner as to cause his body to rebound, thus saving him from being ground to pieces under the wheels. The accident occurred just in front of J. P. Wood & Co.'s bean house and was witnessed by some of the young women working there.

The injured man was picked up and carried to Drs. Palmer & Avery's office. It was discovered that a couple of ribs, his right hip and a shoulder blade were broken, besides several other injuries of minor importance. He was made as comfortable as possible, and a telegram was sent to his father, and a brother arrived Monday night. The wounded man is getting along nicely and was taken to the university hospital at Ann Arbor this morning.

It has been learned that the young man was a soldier during the late war and that he participated in the battle of Santiago, and received a bullet wound in the leg for which he was discharged.

Farm Statistics.

We glean the following items of interest from the twentieth annual statistical report of the farm products of Michigan. It embraces statistics of the farm products of the year 1897, and the land and live stock statistics of 1898.

Acres of land in farms in Washtenaw county for the year 1898: Improved, 380,626; unimproved, 90,005; total 470,631; number of farms, 3,135; average number of acres in each farm, 148.41. In Sylvan township there are 190 farms of 110.62 acres average; in Dexter township, 112 farms of 153.54 acres average; in Lima 151 farms of 133.60 acres average; in Lyndon, 121 farms with an average of 154.94 acres; in Sharon, 141 farms, with an average of 137.32 acres.

In 1897 there were raised in Washtenaw county, 1,197,018 bushels of wheat, of which amount 59,978 bushels were raised in Sylvan, 51,789 bushels in Dexter, 91,893 bushels in Lima, 37,684 bushels in Lyndon, 74,364 bushels in Sharon. Corn in Washtenaw, 2,395,196 bushels, of which 126,585 bushels were raised in Sylvan, 81,235 bushels in Dexter, 121,785 bushels in Lima, 93,110 bushels in Lyndon, 180,707 bushels in Sharon. Oats, in Washtenaw county 823,368 bushels; Sylvan, 21,513, 23,947 bushels in Dexter; 42,269 bushels in Lima, 8,130 bushels in Lyndon, 34,771 bushels in Sharon. Beans in Washtenaw county, 71,304 bushels, of which 6,685 bushels were raised in Sylvan, 6,614 bushels in Dexter, 2,127 bushels in Lima, 11,925 bushels in Lyndon, 1,890 bushels in Sharon. Potatoes in Washtenaw county, 179,189 bushels, of which 8,982 bushels were raised in Sylvan, 6,349 bushels in Dexter, 7,634 bushels in Lima; 9,061 bushels in Lyndon; 1,858 bushels in Sharon.

John W. Wallace.

John W. Wallace was born in London, England, in the year 1825, and died on Saturday, April 29, 1899, at his home in Chelsea. He was brought up in the church of England. He was in the grocery trade until the year 1848, in that year he came to America. During his residence in Canada which was several years, he met Miss Mary A. Wilson, whom he married. Soon afterwards they came to Michigan, after living in Ypsilanti a year they came to Chelsea and lived here 34 years. Seven children were born, one son and six daughters, of the children four daughters remain Mrs. Emma Grant, of Jackson, Lucy, Francis and Thurza. Mr. Wallace was a strict observer of the Sabbath, a loving companion and father, and one of the most friendly, peaceable and honorable citizens of Chelsea. The funeral services were held at the home Monday, May 1st, at 2 p. m. Rev. W. R. Northrup preached the sermon from St. John 14: 2, 3. A large number of sympathizing friends being present.

"Andy" Jackson Deeds.

Evening Times: Four government deeds signed by the hand of President

Andrew Jackson came in for record at the register of deeds office today, and there was a constant pilgrimage of democrats filing into the office to uncover their heads at the sight of the signatures of the daddy of their belief.

Two of the deeds were taken out by Darius Pierce, father of Nathaniel Pierce, who is now disposing of his marl lands at Four Mile lake in Lima to some cement company. The old government lands had been hardly worth recording until this new era of marshy lands were discovered. Mr. Pierce will dispose of the southeast quarter of section 5 and all of the northeast quarter of section 8 which lies north of the Michigan Central in Lima to the cement company.

The New County Directory.

Glen V. Mills, the well known directory publisher of Ann Arbor, has just completed his seventh edition of the directory of Washtenaw county, which, for accuracy and completeness, for quality of material used and quantity of information included, is without a peer among publications of like nature. The publisher has explored every field in search of new ideas and consulted every patron to ascertain his wants. When once an improvement has been found, neither time nor expense has been spared to attain perfection.

For the cities, maps, house and street directories, cross references of names of similar pronunciation but widely different spelling and removal of persons since the last issue, are the principal features, in addition; few of which are placed in city directories generally. For the county, a complete house to house canvass has been made of the farming portion and names in full of all residents as well as absolutely correct postoffice addresses secured. To this has been added the acreage and assessed valuation of real and personal property, thus making a complete directory of people and property in that portion. Names of non-resident owners are set in italics.

The directory is of incalculable benefit to business men and farmers and should be in the library of every household.

A Pleasant Occasion.

The Chelsea Bay View Reading Circle met Monday evening, May 1st, with Mrs. T. E. Wood. After the lesson an interesting Dewey program was given, interspersed with delightful music by Mrs. Carrie Seper-Cushman and Miss Lillie Blalock. Patriotism seemed to be in the air as was also demonstrated by a band of young patriots who paused in their march in front of Mrs. Wood's and gave three cheers for Dewey which was fully appreciated and enjoyed by the ladies assembled. The heavens even shared in the spirit of the occasion and sent volley after volley of cannonading accompanied by a gorgeous display of fireworks. Our hostess, by way of a surprise, invited all to the dining room, which had been beautifully decorated with our national colors and flowers, to partake of cool and "Dewey" refreshments which disappeared under the electric light "as dew before the morning sun." Vive La Madame Wood.

School Report.

Report of school in district, No. 8, Lima, for the month ending April 21. Whole number enrolled 35. Average daily attendance 32. Following are the names of those who have been regular in attendance and had an average standing of 80 or above. Those marked with a star have been neither absent nor tardy during the month:

Ida Dettling*	Gottlieb Bollinger*
Clara Seltz	Max Melnholt
Anna Schneider	Willie Haarer*
Bertha Heinrich	Albert Heinrich*
Clara Koch	Freddie Koch*
Alma Gramer*	George Gramer*
Julia Wagner	Freddie Dettling*
Ida Haarer*	Walter Wacker*
Anna Cole*	George Wacker*
Hattie Cole*	Reuben Schneider
Emanuel Bollinger*	Freddie Cole*
Freddie Bollinger*	Herman Wagner
	Florence I. Kellam, teacher.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Mich., April 12, 1899.

Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by the President, Roll called by the Clerk.

Present, Geo. P. Staffan, President, and Trustees Vogel, Twamley, Avery, McKune and Bachman.

Absent, Trustee Schenk.

Minutes read and approved.

Moved by Bachman, seconded by Twamley, that the following bills be allowed as read, and orders drawn for the same.

Carried.

A. R. Welch, 1 month salary as manager, \$50 00

J. B. Cole, freight on coal, 63 87

General Electric Co., supplies, 48 00

Illinois Electric Co., supplies, 13 08

E. J. Corbett, 2 cars coal, 41 85

John Ricketts, unloading coal, 5 28

Guy Lighthall, 1/2 month salary as electrician, 30 00

Elliott McCarty, 1/2 month salary as fireman, 12 50

Jasper Graham, 1/2 month salary as fireman, 20 00

B. B. Turnbull, 1/2 month salary as secretary,	12 50
A. R. Welch, 1/2 month salary as manager,	25 00
Rush Green, 1 month salary as marshal,	25 00
Sam Guerin, labor,	3 13
Bert Hepburn, 1 day,	1 25
M. J. Howe, 1/2 day with team,	1 25
James McLaren, 1 1/2 days with team,	3 75
	\$355 43

Moved by McKune, seconded by Vogel, that the petition of W. S. Hamilton and others in regard to sidewalk on Park street be referred to sidewalk committee. Carried.

To the Honorable Common Council of the Village of Chelsea:

Gentlemen,—We the undersigned publishers of the Chelsea Herald and Chelsea Standard, respectively, make the following joint bid for printing the council proceedings, ordinances, reports, etc., for the period of one year, in both the papers, for the sum of 35 cents per folio (100 words), accounts to be rendered and settled each month. Respectfully submitted,

TOM W. MINGAY,

Publisher Chelsea Herald.

O. T. HOOVER,

Publisher Chelsea Standard.

Moved by Vogel, seconded by Bachman, that the bid of Tom W. Mingay and O. T. Hoover, publishers, be referred to the finance committee and that the finance committee report at the next regular meeting.

Carried.

Moved by Vogel, seconded by Avery, that the President appoint a committee of two, himself included, to see the merchants in regard to hiring a night watch, also to see how much each one will pledge himself to give.

Carried.

The President then appointed H. M. Twamley.

Moved by Vogel, seconded by McKune, that the bond of B. S. Rummier with G. Grau and T. McKune as sureties be accepted.

Yeas—Vogel, McKune and Bachman.

Nays—Twamley and Avery.

Carried.

Moved by Avery, seconded by Twamley, that J. A. Bachman be appointed as president pro tem.

Carried.

Moved and supported that A. A. Van Tyne be appointed as pound master.

Carried.

Moved and supported that H. M. Twamley and J. A. Bachman be appointed as members of board of review.

Carried.

Moved and supported that Thomas Fletcher, Peter Fletcher and Tom W. Mingay be appointed special assessors.

Carried.

Moved by Bachman, seconded by Twamley, that we offer a reward of \$100 for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who set the incendiary fires that burned the Negus planing mill, or barn of Thos. McNamara, or house of Mrs. Flagler, in this village.

Yeas—Vogel, McKune, Avery, Bachman and Twamley.

Nays—None.

Carried.

On motion board adjourned.

W. H. HESELSCHWERDT,

Village Clerk.

Chelsea, Mich., April 26, 1899.

Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by the President. Roll called by the Clerk.

Present, Geo. P. Staffan, President, and Trustees Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Bachman and Twamley.

Absent, Trustee Avery.

Minutes read and approved.

Moved by Bachman, seconded by Schenk, that the following bill for cement walks be allowed.

Carried.

Huldah Burkhardt, 203 3/4 sq. ft. at 4c, \$8 15

Rebecca Burkhardt, 203 3/4 sq. ft. at 4c, 8 15

Hannah Winans, 460 sq. ft. at 4c, 26 40

C. E. Whitaker, 500 sq. ft. at 4c, 20 00

W. R. Reed, 330 sq. ft. at 2 1/2c, 8 25

L. P. Vogel, 285 sq. ft. at 4c, 11 40

George Richards, 440 sq. ft. at 4c, 17 60

J. S. Cummings, 300 sq. ft. at 4c, 12 00

Lutheran Church So, 330 sq. ft. at 4c, 13 20

Augustus Steger, 330 sq. ft. at 4c, 13 20

H. S. Holmes, 230 sq. ft. at 4c, 8 80

Charles J. Depew, 525 sq. ft. at 4c, 21 00

Elijah Hammond, 355 sq. ft. at 4c, 14 20

F. Staffan & Son, 454 sq. ft. at 4c, 18 16

Frank Staffan, 660 sq. ft. at 2 1/2c, 16 50

\$216 95

Moved and supported that the following bills be allowed as read and orders drawn for amounts.

Carried.

Guy Lighthall, 1/2 month salary as electrician, \$30 00

Jasper Graham, 1/2 month salary as fireman, 20 00

Elliott McCarty, 1/2 month salary as fireman, 12 50

B. B. Turnbull, 1/2 month salary as secretary, 12 50

G. Ahnemann, 34 loads rubbish at 30c, 6 80

Illing Bros. & Everard, 2 assessments rolls, 1 00

Quaker City Rubber Co., rubber packing, 9 38

\$92 18

Continued on eighth page.

BUSY MEN ARE

FIRST TO FAIL

In general health. Constipation, drowsiness, dizziness and headache indicate the downward fall. Stop long enough to take a bottle of

Springs Sarsaparilla

and you will be surprised at the beneficial result. We guarantee every bottle. We are leaders in everything in the Drug line. Come and see our goods and get our prices.

We sell the finest grade of Groceries at the lowest possible price.

10 pounds rolled oats.....	25c
Good soap 10 bars.....	25c
6 pounds good prunes.....	25c
1 good hand lamp.....	20c
Peanuts, fresh roasted.....	8 pound
Large bottle sweet pickles.....	15c
Best coffee in Chelsea.....	25c pound

Try our 40c Tea.

We carry the finest line of

Confectionery.

3 pound can of pumpkin.....	7c
Gold Dust 4 pounds.....	20c
Large sacks Diamond Crystal Salt.....	20c

We call your attention to our

Wall Paper Stock.

We are selling you the best quality and finest designs at prices to suit the times.

We want your Eggs at the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

FENN & VOGEL

STEEL SKEINS.

STEEL SKEIN WAGONS

on hand from now on all the time.

We can make Wagons on very short notice any style or left wanted. Sarven wheels and tubular axles, anything that is wanted in the wagon line. Repairing done on shorter notice than ever because we have plenty of help.

Give us a Call and be convinced.

A. G. FAIST & CO.

WARD AND SYRACUSE PLOWS.

Disk, Wheel and Floating Harrows.

Riding and Walking Cultivators.

Binders, Mowers, Hay Rakes

ALL FOR SALE BY

A. G. FAIST & HIRTH.

Fred Vogel's old shop.

CHELSEA, MICH.

ICE CREAM!

Having purchased E. L. Alexander's Ice Cream business, I am in shape to give the people of Chelsea the

BEST CREAM

on the market at the lowest prices. Socials and Parties supplied on short notice. Soft drinks of all kinds. Also, all kinds of choice cakes and confectionery.

J. G. EARL.

First door east of Hoag & Holmes Bazaar

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

The following is the schedule of teachers' examinations for 1898-99:

Ann Arbor, August 18 and 19, 1898.

Ypsilanti, October 20 and 21, 1898.

Ann Arbor, March 30 and 31, 1899.

Ann Arbor, June 15 and 16, 1899.

W. N. LINTNER,

Commissioner of Schools.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

The Governor of Finland has obtained authority from the Czar to exile all people suspected of hostility to Russia and to the work now in progress of "Russianizing" Finland. The order affects thousands of people.

The American army under Gen. MacArthur crossed the Rio Grande river, P. L., and drove the Filipinos from their stronghold on its bank. The enemy retreated rapidly, burning many villages in their flight.

The Ohio Centennial Company and the representatives of the railroads entering Toledo met and made arrangements to allow all roads to enter the exposition grounds by means of a loop, the railroads all using one depot.

President W. G. Frost of Berea College is in receipt of a letter from D. K. Pearson, the Chicago philanthropist, offering another gift of \$50,000 to the endowment fund of the Berea College on the same conditions as the former gift.

Eight of the planing mills of Toledo have formed a combine to control prices. This included all the leading mills except one, MacClaren & Sprague, which concern has held out, desiring to be paid in cash for the plant. The combine represents nearly \$1,000,000.

The Great Northern has awarded the contract for the steel superstructure of its West Superior, Minn., \$2,000,000 grain elevator to the Ritter-Conley Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, Pa., for about \$800,000. It will require the use of 2,000,000 pounds of steel.

Work on the harbor at San Pedro, Cal., was commenced when President McKinley, in his library at the White House, pressed an electric button, which caused a rock-laden barge to tilt its cargo on the spot where the contractors had designated the work to begin.

The Pittsburg Commercial Gazette is authority for a story that negotiations are on for the merging of the National Steel Company, capitalized at \$50,000,000, the American Tin Plate Company, \$5,000,000, and the American Steel Hoop Company, \$33,000,000, into a single stock company.

United States secret service men captured in Brooklyn, N. Y., a well-equipped private mint almost ready to turn out English shillings made of genuine silver and so perfectly like those made in the mints of her British majesty that experts would have been unable to detect the counterfeit.

It is reported that the largest copper ledge ever discovered in the West have been found in the carbon district north of Mount Ranier and six miles east of Tacoma, Wash. The ore is said to be similar in character and geological situation to that found in Montana, and to be fully as rich as that of the Butte mines.

The twenty-eighth annual meeting of the Women's Presbyterian Board of Missions of the Northwest closed at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. H. H. Forsyth, Chicago, Ill.; recording secretary, Mrs. W. B. Jacobs, Chicago, Ill.; treasurer, Mrs. C. B. Farwell, Chicago, Ill.

At least sixty persons killed, over 1,000 injured, residences and business buildings to the number of 200 demolished and the heaps of debris imprisoning dead and wounded, are results of a tornado which swept over Kirksville, Mo. Much damage was wrought and several lives lost in the Soldier river valley of Iowa by the same storm.

The standing of the clubs in the National League race is as follows:

	W.	L.
St. Louis	7	1
Philadelphia	8	4
Brooklyn	7	4
Boston	7	4
Chicago	8	5
Louisville	5	5

Reports received by grain men in Toronto, indicate heavy damage to winter wheat in sections east of Toronto. In many cases the crop is a total failure, and farmers are plowing up the ground preparatory to planting spring wheat or barley. Last year's crop of winter wheat in Ontario was estimated at 20,000,000 bushels, but there will be a big decrease this year.

A prairie fire which started fifteen miles south of Mitchell, S. D., burned over about 35,000 acres of farm land, destroying a great quantity of hay. Two men, Frank Howard and Allie Smith, went over to a neighbor's to help fight the fire, and tied their horses in a clump of trees. The fire got into the tree claim, and in their attempt to save their horses they were caught in the flames and, with the horses, were burned to death.

NEWS NUGGETS.

At Springfield, Ohio, Mother Stewart, a famous Christian temperance leader, celebrated her 83d birthday.

Horatio Page, president of the Colorado Mining and Milling Company, died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

A friend of Princeton University, whose name has not been disclosed, has endowed a new chair to the value of \$100,000, to be called the professorship in politics.

The State Department has withdrawn any objection it may have entertained to the dispatch of Spanish troops from the Philippine Islands to the Carolines.

New York capitalists are planning to combine the principal mineral springs in Saratoga under one management and make that resort an American Carlsbad.

Private cables received by the relatives of Millionaire Robert Goeliet, the head of that famous New York family, announce the death of Mr. Goeliet at Naples, Italy, of heart failure.

J. W. Breed, president of the Central Credit Company of Cincinnati, was killed instantly in that city by an electric car. He was 60 years old.

At Toledo, the badly decomposed body of William Frederick was recovered from the Maumee river. Frederick lived at Freedom, Ill., where he has a brother and sister.

Chancellor W. F. McDowell, for nine years at the head of the University of Denver, has been elected president of the Colorado State Agricultural College, to succeed Dr. Alston Ellis, who has held that place for ten years.

EASTERN.

Brooklyn servant girls have formed a union.

Charles Sheppard Roe of Chicago was found dead on the street at New York.

Henry T. Wells, a real estate broker of Newton, Mass., has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities \$185,763, assets \$84,750.

Gov. Stone of Pennsylvania has appointed Matthew Stanley Quay as Senator to serve until the next session of the Legislature.

John Galt Smith of the firm of J. Galt Smith & Co. of New York, one of the leading linen and cotton manufacturers in the country, is dead.

"Kid" Levell, the Chester, Pa., pugilist who was injured in his fight with John Cavanaugh at Homestead, died at the Mercy hospital in Pittsburgh.

The Borden Condensed Milk Company, just incorporated in New Jersey with a capital stock of \$20,000,000, succeeds the New York Condensed Milk Company.

Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs of Union Theological Seminary will be ordained to the Protestant Episcopal priesthood on May 14, in St. Peter's Church, Westchester, N. Y.

Congressman Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania has notified the voters of the Twenty-seventh district that he will distribute his salary to organizations and institutions throughout that district.

Miss Victory Bateman, whose nervous system break-down was told last November, will make her reappearance on the stage in New York soon. She has been engaged as leading woman for "Weuns of Tennessee."

Matthew Stanley Quay has been declared by a jury to be not guilty of the charge of conspiring to use for his own unlawful gain and profit the funds of the State of Pennsylvania deposited in the People's Bank of Philadelphia.

Edward Oswald, an instrument maker at Camden, N. J., stabbed to death his wife and 8-year-old daughter. He then attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat. A 6-year-old daughter escaped the fate of her sister by running into the street.

Henry W. Struss has filed a petition in bankruptcy at New York, with liabilities of \$579,140 and no assets. Nearly all the liabilities were contracted as a partner in the firm of Lopus Franke & Co., manufacturers of silk yarns in New York and Paterson, N. J., which firm failed April 17, 1890.

WESTERN.

George C. Owens was hanged at San Quentin, Cal.

As a result of a highbinder war in Fresno, Cal., three Chinamen were killed.

Captain George Mulmick, one of the oldest of the great lake captains, died at Toledo, aged 75.

Revenue officials went on a raid for counterfeit revenue stamps at Cincinnati and confiscated over 500,000 cigars.

The warehouse of the Kingman Implement Company at Omaha, Neb., was destroyed by fire with all contents. The loss is \$170,000.

At San Francisco, ten thousand cigars were seized by the internal revenue officers because the internal revenue stamps were found to be counterfeit.

At San Francisco, Capt. John Dillon of the United States transport Morgan City has been found guilty of cruelty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$350.

Edward Cameron of St. Louis, assistant supervising engineer of the United States treasury, died in a hospital at Philadelphia, from typhoid pneumonia.

Almost the entire \$5,000,000 that the citizens of St. Louis have proposed to raise to clinch the proposition of holding a world's fair there is in sight.

The threatened strike of Toledo carpenters, in which 1,000 men are involved, has been compromised by the men yielding to a nine-hour day at 25 cents an hour.

The Northern Ohio Steel Range Manufacturers' Association decided to advance the prices of finished products 20 per cent because of the increased cost of raw materials.

At Pueblo, Colo., Frank Smith, driver of a soda water wagon, shot and killed his wife and himself as an outcome of a divorce suit recently brought by the woman.

The recent session of the Legislature passed a law reducing telegraph tolls in Kansas 40 per cent. The companies have ignored the law and announced they will fight it.

At Yuba City, Cal., Richard Willis, insane, confined in the county house, managed to set fire to the building and was himself burned to death. The county jail was also burned.

Richard J. Oglesby, former Governor of Illinois, died at his home at Oglethorpe, near Elkhart, Ill. Concussion of the brain, resulting from a fall, was the direct cause of his death.

Pastor W. H. McCool of the English Lutheran Church in West Point, Neb., committed suicide with a shotgun. He is supposed to have been mentally unbalanced by overwork.

Maj. George A. Vandergrift, paymaster in the United States volunteer army, whose home was in Cincinnati, died in San Francisco. He was born in Vicksburg, Miss., April 13, 1840.

Barron, Boyle & Co., glass dealers at Cincinnati, brought suit in the Supreme Court under the anti-trust law against the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company for \$50,000 damages, alleging conspiracy and discrimination against glass jobbers.

On the Southern Pacific, east of Gila Bend, Ariz., a west-bound freight train crashed through a burning bridge. All the cars were piled on the engine and caught fire. Conductor Dorey and Fireman Courtney were buried in the wreck and burned to death. Engineer Adams was badly injured.

There was a double drowning at Cincinnati. Joseph Bann and Henry Osterlitz, both aged 12 years, who were playing on a sandbank, were the victims. One of them had tossed up a bucket, and as it dropped both made a grab for it. Both fell into the water, and before they could be rescued were drowned.

A train on the Burlington Railroad was wrecked between Sugar Grove and Big Rock, Ill. Several of the cars left the track. The fireman, C. Flock, was killed and two of the trainmen injured, but none of the passengers was seriously hurt. All the cars in the train were damaged, but the loss will not exceed \$2,000.

Mina Kessinger has just died near Jackson, Ohio, after living as a recluse for thirty-seven years. She was engaged to John Trehaine, who went to the front in the Union army in 1861 and was killed.

On hearing of his death she vowed to remain true to him until her death and never to leave the farm on which she lived.

N. W. Kendall, a wealthy capitalist of New Haven, has been elected president of the new Maumee Brewing Company of Toledo, Ohio. He will also act as the general manager of the company, which has been recently reorganized and the capital stock raised from \$100,000 to \$300,000.

Fifty acres of land will be recovered from Lake Erie for the Ohio centennial exposition to be held in Toledo in 1902. The work of grading the grounds and dredging for a harbor 1,000 feet in length will begin at once. It will require nearly a million feet of filling to prepare the park.

Intense excitement was created at Murphysboro, Ill., by the finding of the bodies of two women who were murdered while they slept. Their bodies were frightfully mutilated. Mrs. Mary E. Davis and Miss May Millstead are the victims. The condition of the room indicated that it had been plundered.

A double tragedy is reported from Williamsport, N. D. Two brothers, James and Joe Caldwell, living on a ranch a few miles from Williamsport, became engaged in an altercation. The former seized a rifle and shot his brother through the abdomen, inflicting injuries from which he died. The surviving brother then took a dose of carbolic acid and wandered to a neighboring ranch, where he died shortly after his arrival.

Two attempts were made to destroy Burlington trains with dynamite near Nowaday, a small station between St. Joseph, Mo., and the Iowa line. Sticks of dynamite were laid on the track and the Denver flyer was given a shock that broke all the windows in the coaches. The Omaha express had a similar, but more severe, shock ten minutes later. Burlington officials went to Nowaday on a special train three hours later. There was nothing to indicate robbery was the motive.

Criminal action was recently begun by the United States authorities in the Federal court at St. Paul against D. P. Rounsopoulis, proprietor of the Northwestern stamp works, for making metal trading checks, the claim being that their likeness and similitude to the gold and silver coin of the Government made their manufacture illegal. The defendant demurred, holding that the tokens are not made in lieu of lawful money and that these coins are not obligations to pay money, but the obligations expressed in is terms solvable merchandise. There are said to be millions of these checks in use throughout the country.

SOUTHERN.

Mill A of the Cumberland flour mills plant at Nashville, Tenn., was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$150,000, fully insured.

At Woolsey, Ga., George W. Kerlin, a wealthy farmer and a deacon in the Baptist Church, has been found guilty of the murder of Miss Pearl Knott.

Gov. Candler of Georgia appointed Clark Howell, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, a member of the board of trustees of the University of Georgia.

Col. M. Lewis Clark of Louisville, prominent in turf circles throughout the United States, shot himself through the heart at Memphis, Tenn. He was a victim of melancholia.

Gov. Johnston of Alabama has issued a call for an extra session of the Legislature for the purpose of considering the repeal of the act calling for an election to determine whether a constitutional convention should be held.

At Little Rock, Ark., James Austin Henry, thirty-third degree, an active member of the supreme council for the southern jurisdiction of the Scottish Rite of Freemasonry, fell down a stairway at the Masonic Temple and died shortly afterward.

Sam Hosed, negro, confessed murderer, was lynched at Newnan, Ga., in a most cruel manner. The black man's fingers and ears were cut off, his body hacked with knives, he was chained to a tree, oil poured over his body, wood heaped about him and the awful pyre ignited.

Freight train 38 on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad met with a serious accident at Bridge 61, between Greenwood and Sloane's Valley, Tenn. A car broke down on the trestle and 350 feet of trestle and bridge were broken down.

An unknown tramp was killed and Conductor J. E. Pepper and Brakeman Jennings of Somerset, Ky., were injured.

WASHINGTON.

The United States postoffice officials have entered into an agreement for a parcel post treaty with Venezuela.

Secretary Hay for the Government of the United States and Consul General Charles D. Pierce for the Government of the Orange Free State have exchanged ratifications of the new treaty of extradition between the two countries.

The Department of State has been informed by the consul at San Salvador that the city of San Vicente had recently suffered from severe earthquakes. No lives were lost, slight shocks having given ample warning before the severe ones came.

The man who names the new postoffices throughout the country continues to remember the prominent generals and officers of the late war. The latest list of postoffices established includes the following: Roosevelt, in Limestone County, Ala.; Shafter, Fayette County, Ill.; Otis, Bastrop County, Texas; and Lawton, Giles County, Va. Nearly every week the list shows postoffices established in several counties with the name Manila.

FOREIGN.

Dr. Heinrich Kiefert, the world-renowned cartographer and geographer, died in Berlin.

German diplomatic circles deny that Germany has purchased from Spain Kusa Island of the Caroline group.

United States Minister Bridgman has cabled the State Department from La Paz, Bolivia, that the revolution there has ended and everything is quiet.

Twenty deaths from typhoid fever have occurred in the camp of the Eighth United States cavalry at Porto Principe. One hundred and three cases are reported.

The police have discovered the existence of a Carlist plot in Barcelona, Spain, and arrested five of the conspirators and seized a quantity of arms and ammunition.

Hong Kong dispatches say that Aguilardo has demanded \$10,000,000 from Spain for the release of the Spanish prisoners held by the Philippine insurgents.

David Christy Murray is authority for the statement that a council of generals

held at Paris has decided that under no circumstances shall Dreyfus be liberated. Rev. Alexander Connell of the Regent Square Presbyterian Church, London, has declined the call to the pulpit of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York.

The German cruiser Gefion has been ordered, as reported, to proceed to Samoa, after taking on an extra supply of ammunition at Kiau-Chow, China, and another cruiser may follow her.

In an engagement at Quingao, near Malolos, eight American soldiers were killed and 43 were wounded. The rebels forced the United States troops back until reinforcements came up, when the insurgents were routed.

Baroness Hirsch left an estate valued at \$125,000,000, of which \$100,000,000 will be expended in carrying on the various charities founded or fostered by the baroness and baron. The Hirsch foundation fund in New York receives \$1,200,000.

The wreck of the Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Pluton, sunk with Cervera's squadron, has been discovered about three miles west of Morro Castle, Santiago, in eight fathoms of water. The Pluton is utterly ruined and no attempt will be made to raise her.

In order to develop the agricultural resources of Turkey the Sultan has consulted with the United States minister, O. S. Strauss, in regard to securing the services of two American agricultural experts, who will be attached to the ministry of mines, agriculture and forests.

In the Italian Senate Admiral Canavaro, minister for foreign affairs, replying to interpellations regarding the Anglo-French Nile convention and its effects upon Tripoli, said that Great Britain and France had given ample assurances that they had no designs, either for present or for future execution, on Tripoli.

The Times of India says it learns from an "unimpeachable source" that Russia has secured an interest in a portion of the Persian gulf, sufficient to give her the right to take possession of it whenever she chooses. It is added that this information comes direct from Teheran, and is believed the port referred to is Bunder-Abbas.

IN GENERAL.

Elvia Croix Seabrooke, after several years of litigation, has obtained an absolute divorce from Thomas G. Seabrooke, the comedian.

The street railway and lighting syndicate has absorbed the Washington Gas Company. The deal involves an expenditure of about \$7,200,000.

Wall street reports say the great copper trust has become an accomplished fact. It is claimed that the great Anaconda mine has entered the combine. The capital stock, it is thought, will be \$500,000,000.

While a freight train was passing over the big trestle at Summit Cut, Ont., the structure gave way, the engine and train going to the bottom. Fireman McLaren was killed, Engineer William Canfield fatally injured, and Brakeman McDonald was badly hurt.

Parties arriving from Byers report the finding of Otto Goette, or Brown, as he was commonly known, a sheep ranchman, who was murdered on his ranch Sept. 30, 1898. The body of Goette had been buried near a stream on his ranch and the spring rains had unearthed it. A large hole in the skull corroborated the murder theory.

Trouble is expected when an attempt will be made by Messrs. Stewart and Wells of Chicago to take possession of a part of Dead Man's Island, which they have leased from the Canadian Government as a site for a sawmill. Mayor Gordon of Vancouver, B. C., claims the island as a city park and will resist the attempt of the Chicago men to take possession.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Nothing appears in business or in money markets to prevent continuance of the heaviest trade ever transacted at good profits. The payment to Spain is supposed to have caused some rise in foreign exchange, which would amount to nothing in any case, as balances due from other countries more than cover the payment, and advance bills against crops to come forward in July and later will soon be offered. Nothing but industrial depression is left to excite apprehension, but the industries are meeting something very unlike depression. The kind of 'hull' that appears in the iron market rejoices manufacturers, because they are crowded far ahead with orders. The coke production is still close to the maximum. London speculation lifted tin to 25½ cents, and copper is very strong and scarce at 18½ cents for lake. Failures for the week have been 184 in the United States, against 204 last year, and 22 in Canada, against 20 last year."

THE MARKETS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c; butter, choice creamery, 10c to 12c; eggs, fresh, 12c to 14c; potatoes, choice, 50c to 60c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2 white, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, 76c to 78c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 32c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 29c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 61c to 63c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 77c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 36c to 38c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; rye, 60c to 62c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 59c; clover seed, new, \$3.70 to \$3.80.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 3, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 31c; rye, No. 1, 57c to 59c; barley, No. 2, 40c to 47c; pork, mess, \$9.00 to \$9.50.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$4.50; sheep, fair to choice wethers, \$3.50 to \$5.25; lambs, common to extra, \$4.50 to \$6.50.

New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2, 42c to 44c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 38c; butter, creamery, 15c to 18c; eggs, Western, 13c to 15c.

FIVE OFFICERS OF THE FIGHTING FIFTY-FIRST IOWA.



L. A. MITCHELL.
(First Lieutenant, Company K.)
F. W. KIHLMAN.
(First Lieutenant, Company A.)
W. F. STUP.
(Captain, Company C.)
L. K. BUTTERFIELD.
(Captain, Company D.)
COLONEL J. C. LOPEL.

GOVERNOR OGLESBY DEAD.

Illinois' Dearest Veteran Statesman-Foldier Passes Away.

Richard J. Oglesby, thrice Governor of Illinois, once the State's representative in the upper house of Congress, and one of the few men left who were prominent in political and civic life in the West during the threatened days of the rebellion, died at his home on his farm near Elkhart Monday. Mr. Oglesby's death was the result of an attack of vertigo, an ailment from which he had long been a sufferer. A sudden attack of the disease overcame him while he was in the bathroom of his house. In falling his head struck a piece of furniture. Concussion of the brain was caused and he died without regaining consciousness.

Gov. Oglesby had been failing in health since the spring of 1895, when he was taken



RICHARD J. OGLESBY.

en with an attack of the grip and was for nearly three months confined to his home. From this attack he rallied finally, but never fully regained his former strength. Of late he had appeared to be in fair health and during the winter was not confined to his home except by the bad weather. His trembling walk showed the weakness of the body. He had complained of nothing save his weakness, and there was nothing to indicate anything dangerous in his condition.

In the death of Richard J. Oglesby the State of Illinois loses one of the last of the group of great men who took so prominent a part in the political affairs of the State during and immediately after the civil war. Like Yates, the great war Governor of the State, and like Beveridge and Palmer, he had himself borne arms in the service of the Union and had done in the field under Grant the work that Lincoln was designing at Washington. His war record was conspicuously brilliant and he left the field, wounded and unfit for further service, with the rank of major general. His eligibility for the post of Governor was instantly recognized. It was his deserved distinction to be elected Governor three times, in 1864, again in 1872 and again in 1884, although he resigned at the beginning of his second term in order to accept a seat in the United States Senate.

Gov. Oglesby's record was one in which his State may justly take pride. He was a man of sterling integrity, solid judgment and considerable acuteness of perception. He was an earnest follower of the party, but kept his own independent judgment upon pending issues. The regret which must be felt at his death will be softened by the recognition of the fact that his long life was well rounded with useful activities on behalf of State and nation. He was one of the men whose life and achievements have added to the reputation and honor of Illinois.

Telegraphic Briefs.

The English Government is making a strenuous effort to stamp out rabies in the British Islands.

It is announced that the Spanish minister of marine will submit to the Cortes a bill for the construction of ten ironclads.

Surgeon General Van Rypen of the navy says all reports from Manila show that Admiral Dewey's health is excellent.

Paris, believed to be the last Yagui Indian in California, is dead. He was 108 years old, according to the record kept in pioneer days.

HALE'S BRIGADE MEETS ENEMY.

In the Engagement, Six Americans Are Killed and Twelve Wounded.

Manila advises say that Gen. Hale's brigade, consisting of the Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota regiments, with three guns, which left Malolos Monday, followed the west bank of the Rio Grande river to a ford. Many small bands of rebels were encountered, and during the afternoon the Americans discovered several hundred of the enemy entrenched near Pulilan, north of Quingano. Our troops attacked the rebels, losing six men killed and twelve wounded.

Gen. Hale's troops claim that nearly 200 dead natives were counted along the country traversed. Among the dead was a Spanish captain. The South Dakota regiment bore the brunt of the fighting and had five men killed and nine wounded. The temperature was 94 and several cases of sunstroke were reported.

Gens. McArthur and Wheaton, with the Montana regiment, advanced to the left of the railroad and the Kansas regiment moved forward to the right, north of Malolos. They had with them a long supply train, with armed cars in

EAGLE MAY SCREAM.

ONE SHORT YEAR AGO THE SPANISH WAR BEGAN.

Twelvemonth sees it ended, Foreign Army Whipped to a Finish, Whole Navy Destroyed, and Thousands of Miles of Territory Taken.

Washington correspondence:

It has been a year since the war with Spain began, a war which lasted just 113 days. In that time, however, the United States land and sea forces destroyed two Spanish fleets, received the surrender of more than 35,000 soldiers, took by conquest the fortified cities of Santiago de Cuba, in Cuba; Ponce, in Porto Rico, and Manila, on the island of Luzon, in the Philippines, and secured control, pending negotiations for peace, of the entire Spanish possessions in the West Indies, the Philippines and of Guam, of the Ladrone islands. In this conflict the Americans suffered no loss of ships or territory, and but 279 killed and 1,465 wounded in battle, while the cost to Spain, aside from prisoners, ships and lost territory, was 2,100 killed and 2,948 wounded.

The formal declaration of war by Congress was made April 25, but the resolution embodying it stated that war had existed since April 21, when the Nashville, a gunboat of the American navy, commanded by Lieut. Washburn, captured a Spanish ship, the Buena Ventura. On the same day, April 21, President McKinley ordered the North Atlantic squadron, commanded by Acting Rear Admiral Sampson, to sail from Key West and blockade certain ports of Cuba. April 23 President McKinley issued a call for 125,000 volunteers, to re-enforce the regular standing army, and sent orders to the then Commander George Dewey, commanding the Asiatic squadron of the American navy, to "find and destroy the Spanish fleet." Immediately the work of mobilizing an army of citizen soldiers of the United States began: Spain declared war April 24, and within two days after camps of soldiers were forming in every State. April 27, three of Admiral Sampson's ships shelled Matanzas, and on the next day Cienfuegos was shelled. On the same day Admiral Cervera of the Spanish navy, with a fleet of warships, left Spain for West Indian waters.

Battle in Manila Bay.
Sunday, May 1, the first and greatest sea battle of the war was fought. Commodore George Dewey made himself Rear Admiral Dewey and won undying glory for the navy by leading his fleet in to the mined harbor of Manila and destroying the entire Asiatic fleet of Spain. The Olympia was his flagship and his remaining vessels were the Baltimore, the Boston and the Raleigh, protected cruisers; the Concord and Petrel, gunboats, and the McCullagh. With this force he sunk, burned or blew up eight Spanish cruisers, six gunboats and three transports. In the engagement not an American life was lost, while in killed and drowned the Spanish loss has been placed between 500 and 600.

In the first week in May the definite division of the ships of the American navy in Atlantic and Cuban waters into squadrons and fleets was made. The flying squadron, Commander Schley in command, was formed at Hampton Roads, the vessels being the Brooklyn, flagship; the Massachusetts, the Texas, the Columbia and the Minneapolis. Admiral Sampson, in the blockade line at Havana, had with him besides his flagship, the New York, the battleships Iowa and Indiana, the cruisers Cincinnati and Marblehead, and a dozen torpedo craft and gunboats. Matanzas was shelled for the second time on May 7.

Admiral Sampson appeared before San Juan, Porto Rico, May 12, and bombarded the forts for three hours. Morro was partly reduced. Sampson was in search of Cervera's fleet when he bore down upon San Juan. On the following day the flying squadron put to sea to aid in finding Cervera. The two fleets cut off Cervera and, May 18, it was reported that the Spanish admiral had taken refuge in Santiago bay. Commodore Schley, with the flying squadron, reached Santiago just in time to prevent a dash by Cervera for Cienfuegos or Havana. Later Admiral Sampson arrived and the combined fleets began their long wait for their prey.

Army of Invasion.
The invasion of the army to co-operate with the fleet at Santiago was planned as soon as Cervera's whereabouts was known. President McKinley issued a second call for 75,000 volunteers May 25. The demand was instantly met by the men who had failed to secure a place on the first call.

The first expedition to re-enforce Dewey at Manila sailed also on May 25. It numbered 6,000 men. Daily bombardments of the forts on Santiago bay continued. The order was given, June 8, to prepare a landing for the army of invasion and on June 10, Col. Huntington, with a force of marines, landed at Guantanamo and established Camp McCalla. The fleet, with the aid of the marines, demolished Fort Caimanera and captured Baiquiri, which was to be the landing place for Gen. Shafter's army, which left Tampa on transports June 14.

Shafter appeared off Baiquiri June 22, and two days were occupied in landing. Juraguá was captured June 24, and the advance toward Santiago began. The Spaniards resisted and Roosevelt's rough riders and the Tenth United States cavalry, in the van of the American army, found themselves engaged with a superior body of Spaniards. The enemy was driven back by the furious charge, but the loss was 13 killed and 60 wounded. San Juan was occupied June 26, and on the last day of June 13,000 American troops were before Santiago, 5,000 more on their way from the coast, with 3,000 Cubans near at hand.

The general assault began July 1, El Caney being captured at severe cost. The last of the outworks was in the possession of the American army until the evening of July 2, while the heights of San Juan were still untaken. Gen. Lawton's division assaulted San Juan July 3, and carried the heights in the greatest charge of a great battle. Santiago was surrounded and Gen. Shafter demanded its surrender. The American loss in the three days' battle was 221 killed, 1,233 wounded and 81 missing.

The Madrid authorities ordered Admiral Cervera, July 2, to make a dash from the harbor of Santiago. He carried out his orders on the morning of July 3. Admiral Sampson, with the New York, had gone to consult with Gen. Shafter when the Spanish ships were seen coming out of the harbor, but Commodore Schley,

with the Brooklyn, Oregon, Iowa, Texas, Indiana and Gloucester, was more than a match for the Maria Teresa, Cristobal Colon, Oquendo, Vizcaya and the destroyers Pluton and Terror. One American sailor on the Brooklyn was killed, while of the Spanish 600 were killed and 1,100 taken prisoners, including Admiral Cervera. The entire Spanish fleet was destroyed.

The bombardment of Santiago was then begun, and on July 14 Gen. Toral, recognizing the hopelessness of further resistance, surrendered the entire province of Santiago and all its garrisons of 25,000 soldiers, the United States agreeing to send them back to Spain. Gen. Miles, who arrived at Santiago before the surrender, prepared immediately to lead an army against Porto Rico. It landed near Ponce about July 25, the day that the rumor went abroad that Spain was ready to cry "Enough." Gen. Merritt reached Porto Rico with without loss and with no engagements other than a skirmish at Guánica, ending in the hoisting of the American flag over the town.

Appeal for Peace.

Spain made its direct appeal for peace through Ambassador Cambon of France on July 26, but suggested no terms. July 27 Ponce surrendered to Gen. Miles. President McKinley sent terms of peace to Spain July 29.

The second battle of Manila was fought July 31, on a Sunday, as was the first. The American loss was nine killed and 45 wounded. The Spanish loss in killed and wounded was 600.

Spain sent an evasive answer to the United States Aug. 5, and it was received Aug. 9. President McKinley responded with an imperative reiteration of the original terms, and with bad grace Spain, Aug. 11, gave permission to Ambassador Cambon to accept them.

The terms of the protocol demanded the evacuation of Cuba, the cession of Porto Rico and the appointment of commissioners by each country to agree as to the disposition of the Philippines. Before news of the signing of the protocol reached them and on Aug. 13, Admiral Dewey, with the naval forces and Gen. Merritt with the land forces, at Manila, captured the city, securing the surrender of 9,000 soldiers and establishing a military government pending final disposition of the islands.

Recapitulation.

War began, April 21, 1898.
War ended, Aug. 11, 1898.
Duration of hostilities, 113 days.
Expense of actual warfare, \$141,000,000.

American killed, 279.
American wounded, 1,465.
Spanish killed, 2,100.
Spanish wounded, 2,948.
Vessels destroyed (American), none.
Vessels destroyed (Spanish), 35.

Territory Lost by Spain.

	Square miles.	Population.
Cuba	41,655	1,631,000
Porto Rico	3,670	806,708
Guam	150	8,000
Philippines	32,650	7,000,000
Totals	98,125	9,445,708

PULSE of the PRESS

Germany should call Consul Rose home from Apia and put him in a conservatory.—Pittsburg Telegraph.

The devil Bob Ingersoll is using in his new lecture is presumed to be a fireproof affair.—Washington Post.

The crop of peaches and United States Senators seems to be a total failure in Delaware this year.—Kansas City Journal.

The proposed candy trust has not yet been organized, but it may be organized in the sweet by-and-by.—Pittsburg Telegraph.

Admiral Dewey found the Oregon in the same high state of alertness that the Oregon found Admiral Dewey.—St. Paul Dispatch.

After the \$20,000,000 baking powder combine gets under way, all baking powder, of course, will be "absolutely pure."—Boston Globe.

When they say that the British and American soldiers are fighting together they don't mean in the old way.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The wedding of Mr. Vanderbilt and Miss Virginia Fair is another illustration of the tendency of capital to coalesce.—Pittsburg Telegraph.

In case Tom Reed decides to retire from public life he will do so without going through the vice-presidential term of probation.—Washington Post.

The Government might expedite matters in the Philippines by permitting Aguinaldo to capture a few cargoes of canned beef.—Kansas City Journal.

Aguinaldo's triumphant advance so far has been a masterly retreat. Maybe he is going around the world so as to enter Manila on the other side.—Boston Globe.

Aguinaldo has doubtless noticed that the American soldiers observe very few of the Spanish holidays while there is trouble on hand.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

An Alabama cyclone tore three churches up by the roots and never touched a gin mill. Still, it was referred to as a visitation of Providence.—St. Paul Dispatch.

A Forum contributor tackles the question: "Was Washington the author of his own farwell address?" Whom does the writer suspect—Lord Bacon?—Boston Globe.

Talking of our absorbing Cuba, the people of that island selling "fake" war relics to American visitors shows they are disposed to also take us in.—Philadelphia Times.

The latest shoplifter arrested in New York has just stolen a Bible from a department store. It might be a good idea to make her read it for a while.—Boston Globe.

The makers of maple sugar were so previous with their work that they got the product on the market about two weeks before the sap began to run.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Another feature of Dewey's work which commends itself is his ability to refrain from piling up the cost for cable tolls when there is no news worth sending.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The baseball managers should be thoughtful enough to provide an umpire for their next business gathering—if they can find a man brave enough to take the position.—Philadelphia Ledger.

MANY DIE IN STORM.

MISSOURI AND IOWA STRUCK BY A CYCLONE.

Thirty-five Persons Slain, 500 Injured, and 200 Buildings Demolished at Kirksville, Mo.—Fire Breaks Out—Death and Destruction in Iowa.

Thirty-five persons were killed outright, scores were probably fatally hurt, and others to the number of 500 were less seriously injured by a cyclone that swept a path 400 feet wide and three-quarters of a mile long through the east side of Kirksville, Mo., at 6:20 o'clock Thursday evening. Over 200 buildings, homes and stores were leveled and the path of the storm was swept clean of trees and all else. A heavy rain followed the cyclone, and the debris of wrecked buildings took fire in several places, lighting the way for the rescuers.

The cyclone approached Kirksville from the south somewhat west, and missed the heart of the city by two or three blocks. It first struck the eastern portion of the city near that part occupied by the boarding houses of the students of the American School of Osteopathy, State Normal School and McWard's Seminary.

A second edition of the cyclone followed the first twenty minutes later. It came as an inky black cloud, widely distributed, and covered the whole town, but passed above the houses, doing no material damage and gathering fury as it went.

A number of osteopathic students were injured and Dr. Howell, one of the dead, was nearing his graduation. Theodore Brigam, living in the southeast part of town, was among the first victims of the wind. He was known all over the State for his activity in Christian work.

Henry Lowe and three children living three miles north of the town were crushed to death beneath their demolished home. The other members of the family escaped.

A tornado, probably the same one that swept over Kirksville, struck Newtown, a small town in Sullivan County, and caused terrible destruction. It is reported that fifteen persons were killed in the city and that many others were killed in the country near there. A great number of buildings were blown down. Heavy rain followed the tornado, adding greatly to the damage. A Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad bridge is said to have been washed out.

The Soldier river valley in the counties of Crawford and Monona, Iowa, was swept by a tornado about midnight, the severest ever known in the devastated section. The list of killed and injured is long, while the property damage is large. Dozens of people scattered throughout the prosperous farming country of the Soldier river valley were hurt more or less by flying debris.

Great quantities of dirt were scooped up and carried along with the force of gunshot. The path of the twister was nearly a mile wide, and is as clearly defined from its entrance into Monona County along the winding course of the Soldier river for a distance of twenty miles, as if cut out by an army of men with modern machinery and scoop shovels. Trees two feet thick were twisted off by the hundreds and in many cases pulled up by the roots and carried miles away. In some cases many trees are found away out of the twister's course, piled high with other debris dropped by the wind and all torn into a million splinters.

The large residence of George Furne was the first building of importance destroyed. It was right in the center of the cyclone's track. The house was cut to pieces like so much kindling wood. The five daughters were found in as many different places after the storm had passed by their father, who was himself badly hurt. The mother was not found until daylight. She lay beneath some of the debris of her ruined home. A fence rail was forced through her body. She lived several hours despite her awful wounds.

FILIPINO ARMY IN A PANIC.

Deadly Volley Scatters Aguinaldo's Troops in Every Direction.

Gen. MacArthur's division crossed the Rio Grande Thursday and advanced on Apalit, completely routing the flower of the Filipino army.

The Filipinos were very strongly entrenched on the river bank, near both sides of the railroad bridge. Gen. Wheaton sent Col. Funston across, with two companies of the Twentieth Kansas regiment, a couple of privates swimming the swift stream with a rope, under a galling fire, for the purpose of guiding the raft. The men crossed in squads of twenty and attacked the left flank of the natives, who settled like rabbits into covered ways and trenches. The rest of the regiment was compelled to cross the bridge in single file along the stringers. All the woodwork and much of the ironwork had been removed. The First Montana regiment followed the Kansas across the bridge.

The First Nebraska regiment, acting as a reserve, attacked the natives in three lines of trenches, driving them out, killing sixteen and wounding many.

In the meantime a large body of Filipinos, estimated at no fewer than 3,000, led by Gen. Antonio Luna on a black charger, evidently coming to re-enforce the insurgents who were engaged with the Nebraskans, appeared in the open field about two miles to the left. Emerging from the jungle, the natives formed an open skirmish line nearly two miles in length, with very thick reserves behind. They then advanced at double quick until they were about 2,000 yards from the American line, when Gen. Wheaton ordered his troops to fire.

The natives, who were evidently unaware that the Americans had crossed the river, broke and ran in the direction of Macabale. The other Filipinos fled toward Apalit station.

The fighting lasted from noon until 4 o'clock. The American loss is one man of the Montana regiment killed and three officers and six men wounded.

The heat in the early part of the afternoon was terrific, but a drenching thunderstorm, which came later, greatly refreshed the Americans.

Most of the natives fled to Apalit station, where two trains were awaiting them. They left hurriedly, presumably for San Fernando. The towns of San Vincente and Apalit were simultaneously burned and evacuated by the natives. Twenty prisoners were captured, including a Spaniard.

The American troops also captured a brass cannon, a quantity of arms and ammunition and a Maxim gun.

FIND QUAY NOT GUILTY.

Trial of the Pennsylvania Results in Acquittal.

The jury in the case of former United States Senator Quay, on trial for conspiring to use for his own unlawful gain and profit the funds of the State of Pennsylvania deposited in the People's Bank of Philadelphia, returned a verdict of "not guilty." Following quickly upon the verdict of the jury came the news that Gov. Stone had appointed Mr. Quay to be United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by failure of the Legislature to name a successor to Mr. Quay.

The Legislature failed to elect a Senator before it adjourned on account of a deadlock. This left Pennsylvania with but one Senator unless an appointment was made or an extra session of the Legislature was called and elected a Senator.



MATTHEW S. QUAY.

The appointment is supposed to be a second verdict in Senator Quay's favor in his trial.

When the verdict was announced there was an attempt at a demonstration, but this was sternly repressed by the court officers, whose loud shouts of "Order," "Order," "Silence" were effective in silencing those jubilant spirits who wished to give vent to their satisfaction on by cheering. The officers were unable, however, to keep back those who struggled to get to Mr. Quay and congratulate him. Chairs were upset, tables were brushed aside and hats were smashed by the on-rushing crowd. Mr. Quay, with a broad smile on his face, responded pleasantly to the greetings and congratulations of those who crowded around. A number of his political friends were there, and these men were loud and sincere in their expressions.

The jury took but three ballots in the case. On two of these ballots they stood two to two for acquittal. The latter two men were not won over until a few minutes before the jury entered the court room.

BRANDED AS COWARDS.

Officers of Seventy-first New York Receive a Severe Sentence.

As a result of the court of inquiry which investigated the conduct of the Seventy-first New York regiment in the Santiago campaign, the fact is developed that Maj. Smith, who was lieutenant colonel of the volunteer regiment; Capt. Whittle, who was major in that command, and Maj. Austin of the staff of Brig. Gen. Smith, who commanded a company in the regiment, were all guilty of cowardice when the order came to move to the front.

It will be remembered that the refusal of the Seventy-first officers to move forward under fire from the Spanish intrenchments was a signal for the rough riders, who charged through the New York regiment and on toward the muzzles of the enemy's guns. While the report of the court is severe on the officers named, it exonerates the soldiers, every man of whom was ready to move on the enemy.

TOM MARSHALL WINS AGAIN.

Mayor of Keithsburg, Ill., Takes Grand American Handicap.

Thomas A. Marshall, Mayor of Keithsburg, Ill., is the winner of the Grand American handicap of 1899, the blue ribbon event of the shooting world. Marshall captured the honors after a remarkable contest with C. M. Grimm. These two, with Hoffman, Jackson, Knowlton and Roll out of 280 starters, killed twenty-five birds straight. Marshall killed fifty-eight straight in the handicap and shoot-off, Grimm grasping fifty-seven. Marshall established a record, being the only man to win the event twice. He captured the trophy in 1897.



The number of Egyptian pilgrims to Mecca this year is 1,914.

It is stated 200,000 Russian emigrants settled in Siberia in the year 1898.

Germany has formally assumed control over the New Guinea protectorate in Africa.

The German cruiser Arcona is stationed at Muscat to watch German interests on the east coast of Arabia.

Spain has decided to sell the cruisers Rapido, Patriota and Nebeoro, purchased from German owners during the late war.

A new Danish steamship line will operate three freight and two passenger steamers between Denmark and England.

Large numbers of the inhabitants of the province of Tigre, north of Abyssinia, are emigrating to Egyptian territory, preferring British rule to that of King Menelik.

The administration of the Niger coast protectorate which has hitherto been conducted by the British foreign office has been transferred to the colonial department.

The British war office has decided to re-arm the horse and field artillery with Vickers-Maxim quick-firing guns. The rate of fire of these guns is twelve shots per minute.

TROOPS SUFFER LOSS.

EIGHT AMERICANS KILLED BY FILIPINO REBELS.

Col. Stotzenberg and Lieut. Sisson of the 1st Nebraska Volunteers Among the Slain—Rebels Drive Back Our Troops Until Re-enforced.

The most furious battle that has yet taken place between the Americans and Filipinos was fought Sunday. For the first time the insurgents forced our troops to retreat. Col. J. M. Stotzenberg and Lieut. Sisson, two brave officers of the First Nebraska volunteers, were pierced through the heart by rebel bullets in the terrific engagement. Six other American soldiers were killed, while forty-three were wounded before the insurgents were driven back. The scene of the battle was Quingua, five miles northeast of Malolos.

Maj. Bell left Malolos with sixty-one mounted men early Sunday morning to reconnoiter north of the city, with the idea of determining the enemy's strength. There were no signs of Filipinos till the party arrived near Quingua at daybreak, when the enemy opened with a volley from the breastworks hidden in the brush. The Americans had been on the lookout for trouble, but the attack was more severe than expected. They were not confused, however. They dismounted, and, deploying as infantry, poured a telling fire into the brush, where it was known that the greater part of the attacking force was concealed.

News of the engagement was hurried back to Malolos, and while the Americans held their ground gallantly against a far stronger numerical force, Gen. Hale hastened forward re-enforcements for the cavalrymen. The cavalry detachment held its ground until the enemy threw flanking parties right and left and almost surrounded the American force. Then the cavalry drew back until re-enforced, a battalion of the Iowa volunteers, under Maj. Morford, being the first to arrive. This force being insufficient to drive the insurgents back, the remainder of the Nebraska regiment, with the Iowa volunteer regiment, was hurried forward. Then four guns of the Utah battery were advanced to the fighting position.

Col. Stotzenberg, commander of the Nebraska regiment, arrived on the battlefield at 11 o'clock and was greeted with cheers. He immediately led an advance on the enemy's position, and fell with his sword aloft, calling to his men to follow him. Shouting with rage, the Nebraskans broke forward into the brush and drove the insurgents out of their works and sent them flying into the jungle.

Lieut. Sisson fell in action, shot through the heart. The ball just grazed the picture of a girl hung about his neck on a ribbon. The heat was terrific, and the sun shining through a fog made conditions for fighting almost intolerable. Seven men of the first battalion of the Nebraskans were sunstruck, and one died while lying in the trenches awaiting the arrival of the Second battalion when the charge was made. The Americans were under fire two hours.

The cavalry lost three men killed and five wounded. The loss of the Nebraska regiment was five killed and more than thirty wounded. The Iowa regiment losses were slight. The Nebraska regiment's losses during the present campaign have been larger than any other regiment. The loss on the side of the Filipinos was comparatively small. They were fighting with all the advantages of dense brush and the fog also shielded them in their flank movements. Thirteen dead Filipinos were found in the trench.

NEGROES BURNED AND HANGED.

Terrible Penalties Visited by Georgians on Black Criminals.

Sam Hose, the Georgia mulatto who ten days ago murdered Alfred Cranford and subsequently criminally assaulted the dead man's wife, paid an awful penalty for his crime. Lashed to a large tree, with his ears and fingers cut off, Hose was roasted to death. Over twenty-five hundred white people of both sexes stood around the tree and watched the horrifying spectacle.

Hose was captured by the Jones brothers of Houston County at his mother's cabin. They expect to receive the reward of \$1,750 offered for his arrest. When first taken from the train the doomed man was marched at the head of 500 people to the jail and delivered to Sheriff Brown. This, however, was simply to secure the reward to the Jones brothers. The victim was at once taken from the sheriff's custody and marched toward an open field. He was taken to the place where Mrs. Cranford was stopping and identified by her. En route ex-Gov. Atkinson and Judge Freeman pleaded with the crowd, but the only answers to their exhortations were: "On to Palmetto!" "To the stake!" "Burn him!" "Think of his crime!"

When the great pine tree selected for the place of execution was reached the negro was placed with his back to the tree, and he was allowed to talk. He confessed killing Cranford and claimed he was hired by Lige Strickland, the negro preacher at Palmetto, to commit the crime. Before he finished talking the crowd tore his clothes off of him and wound a heavy chain about his body and the torch was applied. His body had been drenched with kerosene, and a pile of inflammable material was piled at his feet.

The negro gave an awful shriek when the flames began to shoot up over his body, and succeeded in partly breaking away. He was pushed back to the tree and bound securely. The body was cut to pieces when life was extinct.

Lige Strickland, the negro preacher who was accused by Sam Hose of paying him to kill Farmer Cranford, was tried by a mob at Palmetto, Ga., and found guilty. He was promptly hanged. The body was found swinging to the limb of a tree about a mile from town. The ears and fingers were cut off, and on the body was pinned a placard with the following words: "We must protect our Southern women."

The New York fire department is equipped with chaplains, just the same as a regiment of soldiers. The officials consider that it is as necessary to have chaplains at fires as it is to have them accompany troops at the firing line in time of battle. Loss of life at fires is sometimes very heavy, and there should always be some one present to administer spiritual consolation.

The United States industrial commission has decided to devote the latter part of May and a considerable part of June to the investigation of the trusts.

MICHIGAN SOLONS.

The Senate on Friday advanced to third reading a bill providing for the adoption of the Torrens system of registering land titles. The bill makes it optional with counties to adopt the system. A sensation was created in legislative circles by the discovery that the McLeod law providing for the municipal ownership of street railways in Detroit was tampered with after it passed both houses and before it was signed by the Governor. The change consists of the elimination of the provision that the act shall not in any manner affect the power of the Common Council under other laws to grant or extend franchises. Neither the committee in charge of the bill nor either house made the amendment, and officials are endeavoring to find out who made the erasure.

The House Committee on Railroads on Tuesday reported a substitute for the several bills providing for the repeal of all the existing special railroad charters, especially that of the Michigan Central. The substitute creates a commission to negotiate with the companies for the surrender of their charters and to report not later than November next, the report to be submitted by the Governor to a special session of the Legislature or to the next regular session. A fight will be made for the repeal of the Michigan Central charter, and all the separate bills and the substitute were made the special order for Wednesday.

On Wednesday the Supreme Court handed down an opinion in the two cases brought against the Auditor General for the purpose of determining the constitutionality of the Atkinson law enacted by the present Legislature, which creates a State board to assess the property of railroad, telephone and telegraph companies. The law provides that the rate shall be the average rate of all taxes throughout the State for the previous year, and treats the tax as specific. The opinion of the court, which is unanimous, declares the law to be unconstitutional. The tax is held to be not specific, but ad valorem, and as such cannot be sustained because it violates the constitutional provision that the Legislature shall provide a uniform rule of taxation, except on property paying specific taxes.

The Dudley bill, directing the Secretary of State, Treasurer and Railroad Commissioner to negotiate with the Michigan Central and Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway companies for the surrender of their special charters, was passed by the House on Thursday by a vote of 53 to 39. It is favored by a majority of the Senate. Speaker Adams addressed the House on the necessity for enacting a law under which all property will be assessed on an equal basis. He advocated the appointment of a joint committee to ascertain the market value of all railroad property in the State, the market and assessed value of all other taxable property, real and personal, and the total amount of taxes it pays. He advised that after completing the work now in hand the Legislature take a recess until the first Wednesday in January next, at which time it shall receive the report of the joint committee and proceed to enact the necessary legislation.

The following bills, among others, have been passed by the Senate:

Senator Ward—To reincorporate the city of Ann Arbor.

Senator Brown—To provide for the incorporation of employment insurance bureaus.

Senator Sayre—Providing that hereafter bridges built across Flint river, in village of Flushing, shall be built and maintained by said village, and exempting the village of Flushing from highway taxes in the township of Flushing.

Senator Potter—Vacating Budd Lake addition to Harrison. Immediate effect.

Senator Giddings—Prohibiting catching of fish in Pine river, Gratiot, Midland and Montcalm counties, except with hook and line. Immediate effect.

Senator Lyon—Providing for a supervisor of building and loan associations with power to appoint assistant.

Mr. Chamberlain—Establishing State Normal School at Maquette.

Senator Brown—Prohibiting the adulteration of linseed oil.

Senator Giddings—Licensing barbers.

Mr. Murdoch—Preventing collusion between bidders for highway improvements.

Senator Chas. Smith—Raising tax for the University of Michigan from 1-10 to 1-4 of a mill on each dollar of taxable property.

Permitting Ludington to raise \$115,000 for water works.

To admit soldiers of the Spanish war to the Soldiers' Home.

Authorizing the reassessment of back taxes in the county of Saginaw. The bill was given immediate effect.

To change the boundaries of fractional school district No. 1 of St. Clair County.

Raising the salary of Wayne County coroners from \$1,200 to \$2,000.

Relative to beet sugar bounties. The bill was given immediate effect.

To protect the degrees and professional title of veterinary surgeons and to establish a State veterinary board.

Senator Davis—To reduce the legal rate of interest from 6 to 5 per cent.

Mr. Wells—To appropriate money for publishing maps and reports of the State geological survey. The bill was given immediate effect.

Senator Brown—To appropriate money for the agricultural college.

Among bills passed by the House are the following:

Mr. Oberdorffer—State agricultural experiment station in the upper peninsula.

Senator Blakeslee—Amending act creating banking department.

Senator Sayre—Making any qualified elector in school districts eligible for office.

Senator Giddings—Barring dower in lands.

Senator Heald—Authorizing school districts to borrow money for school purposes.

Mr. Graham—Protection of vineyards.

Mr. Shepherd—Regulating practice in justice courts.

Mr. Gillette—Amending act regulating steam engines.

Mr. Shisler—Fixing the age of children for admittance to kindergartens, between 5 and 7 years.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 5 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application. Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

AGUINALDO is reported as having said that he thought that Calumpit would be the grave yard of the American army. The corpse was a pretty lively one, as the misguided Filipino leader discovered.

SECRETARY OF WAR ALGER has announced his candidacy for the senatorship to succeed Senator McMillan. "Thus it shall be done unto the man, whom the" people of Michigan "delight to honor."

THE reception given Secretary of War Alger upon his arrival at his old home, Detroit, Saturday night, shows the affection which is held for him by those who know him best. "What's the matter with Alger?" "He's all right."

THE cannot best commission has made its report and it is now in the hands of the president. The report shows that charges made by Gen. Miles were not sustained by the testimony. Of course this will not please the yellow journals, but then they can't always expect to have things their own way.

HEARST of the New York Journal should learn a lesson from the answer sent to him by Admiral Dewey when Hearst asked him if he had any message to send to the American people. The answer was characteristic of the man, and was as follows: "On this occasion it appears to me that silence is golden."

THE editor of the Washtenaw Evening Times now stands a chance of keeping out of the insane asylum. Ever since election he has been working on the problem of whom the mayor would appoint to the various city offices. The appointments were made Monday, and the strain is removed. But for the editor of the Ann Arbor Daily Argus we fear there is no hope. He is clean gone on the subject of suburban railroads, and for a long time he could not write anything but electric railways, but he has taken a little different tack and he is now going to run his cars with compressed air. Judge Newkirk should look into this matter a little.

Suburban Rumors

NORTH LAKE.

The open meeting of the Grange will be held on Friday evening, May 12th.

LYNDON.

Mrs. Cook is very ill.

Dr. and Mrs. Rowe of Stockbridge were guests of relatives in this vicinity Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. McCrow were guests of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti friends recently.

Miss Lulu Croman from Jackson was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. Rowe Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Leek attended the recital given by their daughter, Inez, at the Conservatory of Music at Ypsilanti Tuesday evening.

FRANCISCO.

Rev. C. Koch of Lansing spent the past week with Rev. P. Weurfel.

Born, Sunday, April 30, 1899, to Mr. and Mrs. Christ Kaiser, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. George Beeman of Waterloo spent Sunday at J. Musbach's.

Mrs. A. H. Mensing and Miss Lydia Killmer, of Chelsea spent Sunday with relatives in this vicinity.

A number of the farmers have been busy entertaining the numerous workmen who are putting up the new telephone line which will pass through this village.

SHARON.

Chas. Buss was an Ann Arbor visitor Saturday.

Emory Fletcher of Eaton Rapids is visiting relatives in this place.

Several of our young people attended church at Francisco last Sunday evening.

Harry O'Neil, who has been spending the winter in Detroit, returned home Monday.

Miss Christine Wolpert of Rochester, New York, is visiting her parents and friends here.

The Saturday Evening Debating Society will meet at the home of Miss Mae Dorr next Saturday evening. Subject for debate: Resolved; That a school girl has more trials than a school boy.

SYLVAN.

Howard Gilbert spent Saturday at Stockbridge.

Otto Hoppe raised his barn last Thursday, the size 32x48.

Mrs. Orrin Fiske has been quite ill the past week but is now convalescent. Miss Laura Knoll returned home Saturday after spending some time in Chelsea.

Mr. Taylor of the University of Michigan will speak at the Sylvan Christian Union next Sunday.

Truman Hewlett died at his home three miles south of this place last Friday morning and his funeral was held at the house Monday afternoon. The remains being brought to Maple Grove cemetery for interment.

Shigetsuma M. Furuya, a Japanese of Ann Arbor will speak at the Sylvan Christian Union Friday evening, May 12th on The American Influence in Japan.

LIMA.

School closes on Friday.

Harry Hammond is on the sick list. W. N. Lister called on friends here Monday.

R. H. Newton visited at C. L. Hawley's Sunday.

Thos. McNamara of Chelsea visited relatives here Sunday.

Mort Freer of Chelsea called on relatives here Sunday.

Miss Martha Hinderer visited friends in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Mayer visited Freedom relatives Sunday.

Miss Verna Hawley visited friends near Gregory over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Steinbach spent Sunday at Herman Fletcher's.

Peter Slinger of Plymouth is visiting his brother Jacob Slinger.

Fred Stabler and J. Steinbach spent Saturday and Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Florence Hammond is spending some time relatives in Williamston.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Burkhardt of Chelsea called at Ellsworth Fletcher's Sunday.

Miss Lena Gilbert of Chelsea visited her grandmother, Mrs. C. Brown Thursday.

Otto Goetz and sister, Mrs. John Grau spent Sunday with their uncle, Frank Gramer.

Rev. Price of Mt. Pleasant preached two excellent sermons at the M. E. church last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Buchanan of Wisconsin and Mrs. R. Buchanan of Dexter called at Wm. Cover's Wednesday.

Mrs. Rockwell of Sylvan, Mrs. H. Howe of New Jersey, and Mrs. I. J. Hammond were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Friermuth Sunday.

Will Coe and family of New York state have returned and will soon be settled on the Wesley Westfall farm. We are glad to welcome them back in our neighborhood.

The old saying that trouble never comes single handed has proved true in the case of Ed. Dancer and family, who have been sorely afflicted during the past three months. First his youngest daughter was taken sick with fever, and confined to her bed for some time, and soon after her convalescence Mr. Dancer was taken down with pneumonia complicated with jaundice and blood poisoning, for several weeks his life was despaired of. He was fortunate enough however to stem the tide by help of the best medical skill and intelligent nursing so as to be up around the house, when to cap the climax and to make the yoke all the more galling his barn burned to the ground, together with 800 bushels of wheat, 150 bushels of oats, six calves, and a number of hogs. The only fortunate thing we can see concerning this fire was that the wind was south, had it been west his house and all out buildings would have been burned; if east his neighbor's, George Lindaur, farm buildings would have been swept away. The wind blew shingles from the burning roof one half mile and set fire to the woods of Lewis Eschelbach. This is a great loss to Mr. Dancer and coupled with his other misfortunes he deserves and has the sympathy of the entire community.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave me great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1.00 Trial bottle free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

THE BEST COUGH REMEDY ON EARTH.

WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP, CONSUMPTION CURE, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cents.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.

CONSUMPTION CURE—WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50 cents.

CHAS. R. WESSMAR, 2503 Ashland street, Evanston, Ill. Writes: My boy 2½ years old had a severe cold which refused to yield to any treatment until we tried Foley's Honey and Tar which gave immediate relief, and he was completely cured before using one bottle. Guaranteed, 25 and 50 cents.

IN BAD SHAPE

I was in bad shape and suffered a great deal with my kidneys. I was requested to try Foley's Kidney cure, I did so and in four days I was able to go to work again, now I am entirely well. Charles Replogle, Atwater, O.

UNFORTUNATE PEOPLE

are they, who while suffering from kidney diseases are prejudiced against all advertised remedies. They should know that Foley's Kidney Cure is not a quick remedy, but an honest guaranteed medicine for kidney and bladder troubles. 50c. and \$1.00 a bottle.

11 NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on two 25 cent bottles or boxes of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. It is highly recommended as a spring tonic and blood purifier. Sold liquid in bottles and tablets in boxes. Price 25 cents for either. One package of either guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Glazier & Stimson, Fenn & Vogel.

For Sale—85 acres of land, 12 acres of timber, good buildings, good orchard and well watered. 2½ miles northwest of Chelsea. Inquire at premises. J. Sumner.

BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE
Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS.
Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica salve, cures them; also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Glazier & Stimson, druggists.

For sale cheap—A horse, buggy and harness. Inquire at Shaver's barber shop.

For Sale—Two Premier, high grade '99 model bicycles, fully warranted, \$25 each. One new Ideal bicycle '99 model, fully warranted, manufactured by Rambler people, \$23.

One Sensation, '99 model, \$15. These wheels are all new '99 models and can be seen at J. S. Cummings' store. A. W. Wilkinson, Agent.

AN OBSTINATE SORE CURED
JAS. G. AMHERST, Della, O. writes: I had an obstinate sore on my face which everything else failed to heal, after one application of Banner Salve it began to heal and after three applications it was entirely healed leaving no scar.

I build the Kitleman woven wire fence. Headquarters Lima Center, Mich. Geo. Whittington.

\$100—REWARD—\$100

Will be paid by the Village of Chelsea for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who set the incendiary fire that burned the Negus planing mill, or barn of Thos. McNamara, or house of Mrs. Flagler, in said village. Dated April 18, 1899.

By order of the Council, GEO. P. STAFFAN, President.

WHEN WEAK, WEARY AND WASTED
from kidney diseases, why not try Foley's Kidney Cure, a guaranteed medicine. 50c. and \$1.00 a bottle.

For sale—An 80 barrel tank and steel derrick for the same, and an aeromotor and derrick. Inquire of H. S. Holmes.

BABY WARDROBE PATTERNS.

Twenty-seven patterns for different articles in long clothes with full and complete directions for making same, showing necessary materials, sent post-paid for 25c in stamps. Fifteen patterns of short clothes, 25c, or both for 40c. "Information to Mothers" sent free with each order. Address Gelger Pattern Co., Chubbuck, Ind.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s. s. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 29 day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Albert Hindelang deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Geo. Hindelang praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to Frank Hindelang the executor in said will named or to some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered that Monday the 29 day of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Court, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

A TRUE COPY, P. J. LEHMAN Probate Register.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John Reimenschneider, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the town of Sylvan, in said County, on Monday the 24 day of July and on Tuesday the 24 day of Oct. next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, April 24, 1899.

PHILLIP SCHWEINFURTH, CHRISTIAN WEBER, Commissioners.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s. s. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 29 day of April, A. D. 1899, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of John Hines, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 29 day of October next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 29 day of July, and on the 30 day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated Ann Arbor, April 29, A. D. 1899.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

NEW MEAT MARKET

We have opened an up-to-date meat market, and we shall keep constantly in stock a full supply of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

Hams and Bacon,

BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON

LARD AND SAUSAGES.

We solicit a portion of your patronage and shall aim to keep a market second none.

CHAS. SCHAFER.

Klein Building, Main Street.

There are Four

Kinds of Tailors

in the world, and you'll find them in every city in the country:

(1) The tailor who makes "cheap" clothes only.

(2) The tailor who makes some good clothes and some "cheap" ones.

(3) The tailor who makes nothing but good clothes, and charges only what they're worth.

(4) The so-called "exclusive" tailor, who makes good clothes generally, and never forgets to load them down with exorbitant prices.

I wish to be understood as belonging to the third kind.

You'll find me in The Kempf Bank block.

J. GEO. WEBSTER.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

WALK AT OUR LINE OF INGRAINS

We offer you your choice of a large assortment of rem-nants at 4c per roll.

We have just placed a new paper trimmer in our rooms and guarantee all trimming to be first-class. No more torn paper or rough edge.

COME TO US FOR FRESH CANDIES
Fine chocolate creams 20c lb.

Every thing in the line of GARDEN SEEDS.

NEW SILVERWARE.

You can always depend upon getting the

Highest Market Price for Eggs

If you bring them to the Bank Drug Store.

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

GARDEN HOSE 5¢ PER FOOT

Lawn sprinklers etc., in proportion.

PLUMBING and WATER WORKS TAPPING

at lowest prices constant with good work and material.

WE ARE ALSO OFFERING THE

Hudson Bicycle

BUILT TO OUR ORDER AS THE

BEST WHEEL MADE

and keep them in repair during the season

FREE!

We have one \$40 wheel going at \$25

Chelsea Manufacturing Co.,

NEAR DEPOT. NEW PHONE.

Local Brevities

Charles Burton is now employed by J. R. Hatley.

May baskets are ripe and are being picked these fine nights.

Jacob Eder has opened a barber shop in the new Staffan block.

Dr. G. W. Palmer has purchased the Miller property on Middle street.

E. Helmrich has sold his property on Main street to Frank Forner.

J. E. McKone has been appointed secretary of the electric light commission.

There will be preaching services at the M. E. church, Sylvan, Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Jacob Eder has purchased a lot on Taylor street, and will soon erect a residence thereon.

D. C. McLaren is preparing to build a kitchen and bathroom on his residence on Summit street.

The Michigan Central is getting its flower beds in shape to receive the plants which will be set out Monday.

J. O. Earl has rented a portion of the house over the Kempf bank and will go to housekeeping therein.

The annual flower festival is being held up by the Methodist ladies, and will be held some time this month.

H. L. Wood's horse and delivery wagon was a lively spin up Main street Saturday morning. No damages resulted.

A woman hobo was seen passing through this place Sunday. This is something of a novelty, and we are very thankful that it is.

The farmers of Lyndon have formed a company and will start a cheese factory. They expect to have it in operation within a few days.

Frederick Fuller's little son thought that he was a gasoline stove and drank a pint of gasoline Tuesday night. The doctor brought him around all right.

Rubold Schacke of Three Rivers has purchased the Miller bakery and is having the building repaired and brightened and put in first class condition.

The men furnished the refreshments at the Eastern Star gathering last evening, and now they are wondering what the ladies will do when they get back at home.

Charles Tomlinson wishes to inform his friends that he is recovering from the effects of the rush of blood to his head which he has been affected during the past few weeks.

Jacob Zang has moved his saloon to the building that was recently purchased from Fred Kantlehner. A Jackson firm is fitting up the rooms vacated by Mr. Zang for a saloon.

L. J. Danis advertising agent for Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment, and Elixir made this office a pleasant call on his annual round last week.

The Methodist ladies will hold their annual flower festival soon. Any person wishing to buy plants will do well to get to them, as they will have a large stock, fine selection and prices satisfactory.

The question is being asked what the town board is doing with the Jackson and Ann Arbor electric road franchise. The building of the proposed road seems to hinge on the giving of a franchise through that township.—Jackson Press.

There is a large attendance at the meeting of the Washtenaw Baptist Association at the Baptist church this week. The meeting will close with a B. Y. P. U. session this evening. A full report of the convention will be given in next week's issue.

LaFayette Grange has rented a room at Mr. Ed. Weiss and will hold meetings there this summer. The next meeting will be held Thursday, May 11, at 2 p. m. Questions for discussion: "Anti-Trust Laws." "Some garden flowers and how to care for them."

State Master Horton, on April 20, re-organized Washtenaw County Pomona Grange. Master, J. K. Campbell; over-seer, G. T. English; lecturer, Jennie Smith; treasurer, W. C. Carpenter. Next meeting Saturday, May 27, at 2 p. m., at Ypsilanti Grange Hall.

Dr. H. H. Avery has sold his residence on Jefferson street to F. Beaman of Washtenaw, who will soon take up his residence among us. Dr. Avery has now purchased the property owned by Mrs. J. P. Wood on Middle street, east, and will erect a residence thereon.

The large barn belonging to Ed. Daney of Lima caught in some unaccountable manner last Thursday afternoon, and together with the contents was burned to the ground. It was insured in the Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., loss about \$1,200.

Twenty-one years ago Charles Clement of Lima died. His family have been enjoying life together since on the 259th anniversary. Now they are about to divide up the property, and Daniel Leick, leader of the property, and Daniel Leick, leader of a commission to set off the dower of the widow.

Judge Kinne on Monday issued an order on the petition of Lucy D. S. Parker, wife of this county set for Tuesday on the ground that the total amounts due to the land advertised were not on the rolls while the rolls were in the hands of the register of the circuit court.

Martin Wackenhut has been compelled to resign his position at Lansing, on account of ill health, and with his family has returned home.

Herbert Leon Cope, impersonator-humorist, at the Congregational church Wednesday evening, May 10th. Admission 10 and 20 cents. "No audience was ever more pleased. He kept his hearers convulsed with laughter. A return date has been asked for."—Jackson Morning Patriot.

The Staffan Furniture and Undertaking Co. are making extensive alterations in their sales rooms this week and when completed their upholstered and fancy goods departments will occupy the entire second floor and the extensive changes will make one of the most attractive salesrooms in the village.

That dirty tramp, Railroad Jack, is wandering about this portion of the state, and spends his time in visiting the schools. It is to be hoped that if he strikes the Chelsea schools that Superintendent Gifford will give him an introduction to the toe of his shoe, and not stop short until the dirty vagabond is outside of the school grounds.

The Dewey Guards, which is composed of about twenty of the young boys, were out Monday evening celebrating the anniversary of Dewey's great victory. They presented a very imposing figure while marching down Main street. The loud cheering about the whole outfit was their cheers for Dewey, which were given with a right good will.

Word was received here Tuesday that Morris McLean, a former resident of this place and well known by our citizens, had been killed the day before. He has been a conductor on a railroad running west from Chicago and it is supposed that the accident occurred while he was acting in that capacity, but no authentic details have been received. His funeral was held at Jackson this afternoon.

A hedge separated two cemeteries at Chelsea, and last week it caught fire from a passing engine and was entirely destroyed. No effort was made by the occupants of either cemetery to put out the fire. After a Chelsea man dies he never has any fear of fire. Take a Jackson chap now, and he begins to call out the fire department and ice wagon as soon as the funeral is over.—Adrian Press.

The first week-end excursion of the season, via Michigan Central to Detroit and return, will occur Saturday, May 6, 1899, going by special train at very low round trip rates, \$1.10 round trip from Chelsea. The train leaves Chelsea at 11:30 a. m. Children five years of age and under 12, one half adult excursion fare. Tickets good going on this date and train only, and for return on all regular trains up to and including train No. 3, leaving Detroit, Monday, May 8, 1899, at 7:15 a. m.

The market has changed but little yet and there is no prospect of much. Wheat now brings 70 cents for red or white. Rye 55 cents. Oats 32 cents. Beans \$1. Clover seed \$2.50. Potatoes 40 cents. Onions 50 cents. Chickens 7 cents. Eggs 10 cents. Butter 15 cents. Receipts have been light but are now increasing. Wheat and grass have come on remarkably for such dry weather. Recent copious rains insure rapid growth and great improvement in crop prospects. The large surplus on hand will prevent much advance in prices on this crop. Receipts will be free after corn planting regardless of the price.

The beautiful little wild flower known as the trailing arbutus, which grow only on the sandy plains of northern Michigan and cannot be successfully grown or transplanted from its native elements is officially recognized and highly valued by the Michigan Central railroad company. Every spring they send a special agent to West Branch and furnish the local agent, George B. Hamilton and wife, with a special car and leave it on some siding near where these fragrant wild flowers grow and for nearly two weeks the agent and his wife change office work for the more pleasant duty of gathering these wild, fragrant beauties, which are made into baskets and bouquets and distributed free to patrons of the road on the fast trains between Chicago and New York. Agent Hamilton and wife left on their annual trip last week.

Personal Mention

A. Steger spent Tuesday at Detroit. Geo. P. Staffan spent Friday at Detroit. C. H. Kempf spent Monday in Detroit. John O'Brien spent Sunday in Jackson. Henry Seckinger spent Sunday at Grass Lake.

Chris Schneider spent Sunday in Grass Lake.

J. B. Cole spent last Friday at Eaton Rapids.

Mrs. W. W. Hough spent Monday at Detroit.

Mrs. S. G. Bush was a Detroit visitor Monday.

Claude Flagler was a Francisco visitor Sunday.

Miss Nellie Maroney went to Detroit Monday.

Claude Martin went to Ann Arbor Tuesday.

J. S. Irwin of Jackson was in Chelsea Tuesday.

J. C. Weind of Howell spent Sunday at this place.

Miss Edith Boyd is visiting friends at Fowlerville.

J. E. Beal of Ann Arbor was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. D. Walker and daughter are visiting in Plymouth.

Byron Wight of Detroit visited friends here Wednesday.

Mrs. M. D. Hunter of Detroit is visiting relatives here.

W. J. Miller of Jackson was in town a few days this week.

Miss Idalene Webb spent Sunday at her home in Saline.

James Curlett of Dexter spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Mrs. Jackson and children are visiting in Jackson this week.

E. G. Lane of Detroit is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. S. G. Bush.

Emory Fletcher of Eaton Rapids was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

E. J. Foster of Grass Lake called on friends here Wednesday.

E. King of Jackson called on friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Fred Vogelbacher of Jackson spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman Fenn of Jackson spent Sunday at this place.

D. Stanton and Howard Congdon of Dexter spent Sunday here.

Ben. Buss of Freedom was the guest of his brother, George, Sunday.

Miss Nellie Bacon of Ypsilanti spent Sunday with her parents here.

A. L. Steger and H. C. Wood of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer and daughter were Ann Arbor visitors Monday.

Bruce Avery of Howell spent Sunday with his brother, Dr. H. H. Avery.

LaVerne Brockway of Howell was the guest of Miss Mabel Brooks Sunday.

Roy Hanna went to Cleveland Wednesday, where he will spend a week or two.

Alfred Hindelang, Thomas Wheeler and Chris Loeffler spent Sunday at Pinckney.

Mrs. W. S. Crafts of Sharon was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. G. Crowell Sunday.

Miss Mary Miller of Ypsilanti spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Miller.

Mrs. H. L. Wood, G. P. Staffan and G. E. Hathaway were Ann Arbor visitors Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Prettyman of Ann Arbor were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Snyder Sunday.

Miss Edith Foster left for Adrian Tuesday, where she will continue her studies in St. Joseph's academy.

Miss Alice McNaney, who is attending school at Jackson, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. B. McNaney.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Schumacher of Ann Arbor were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schumacher Sunday.

Earl Lowry and Wortie Bacon went to Ann Arbor, where they will be in the employ of the Diamond Ink and Mucilage Co.

School Commissioner Lister is making Chelsea his headquarters this week while visiting the schools of Sylvan and Lyndon.

Geo. Ward and A. M. Freer attended the concert at Ann Arbor Saturday which was given by Dan. Godfrey's British Guards Band.

Rev. W. R. Northrup during several weeks absence from Chelsea, has visited several flourishing towns, preaching at Owosso, his old field of pastoral labor, Belding, Greenville and Stanton; also having the pleasure of greeting many dear friends.

Card of Thanks.—We wish to express our sincere thanks through the columns of your paper to all our friends and neighbors of Sylvan, for their kind and tender care they extended to us, in the illness and death of our nephew Emory Wight.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Ward.

WE PAY FOR THIS SPACE

To tell you about some good things to eat and drink; some things that satisfy the requirements of people who are particular and want something really good.

SOMETHING GOOD TO DRINK?

You can find it in our Standard Mocha and Java Coffee at 25c a pound, or our W. J. G. Standard Japan Tea the finest that grows. Our Golden Rio Coffee at 15c a pound is a match for some of the 25c kinds found in inferior stores. It has the vim and snap of the higher priced goods.

We offer a fancy Dust Tea at 25c a pound. We think it is worth 30c at the price we pay

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

We have a good supply of strictly pure Vermontville maple syrup, it is GOING at 25c a quart.

Pure maple sugar 12c pound.

Hothouse lettuce, radish, pieplant, etc.

Pine apples, Bananas, Oranges, fine fruit at fine prices.

Baked goods in large assortment, fresh, clean and wholesome.

Bottle and bulk pickles of all description, some that will make you want more, they are so good.

We still cut the best Cheese, some of that soft, rich, creamy kind. The kind that is just right.

FREEMAN'S.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NO. 10.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Ann Arbor has gone "German." Nearly every city officer there being of Teutonic origin.

Ypsilanti's coming Fourth of July celebration is to be called "Ypsilanti's Diamond Anniversary of American Independence." A Jackson man furnished this name and thus won the \$5 gold piece that was offered as a prize for a name.

Alderman Rhode of Ann Arbor wished to move his house, but the street railway people said that he must keep off the track or something terrible would happen. But for all of this Alderman Rhode's house rode across the road without any trouble and peace was once more declared.

Adam Wiseman is the name of a plumber at Hillsdale, but he is not as wise a man as the two names would indicate. He was tapping a water main in that city recently, and let the machine slip. The way he hustled out of the hole was a caution, and he says that he will always "remember the main."

FOR THE LADIES.

A remarkable demonstration of baking powders will be made at L. T. Freeman's grocery store May 8, 9 and 10 and every housewife should see it. This demonstration is made at the expense of the Calumet Baking Powder Co., manufacturers of the famous Calumet Baking Powder. Consumers should know of the unrivaled excellence of Calumet Baking Powder, and an opportunity is afforded all to witness something in this line they may never see again. Manufacturers who will compare their products by true demonstration are surely worthy of the public consideration. Ladies who call we feel will be fully repaid, and a souvenir will be presented, the "Calumet puzzle," an exceedingly interesting piece of ingenuity.

Public Health Notice of Chelsea.

All persons having an accumulation of any vegetable substance, and other decaying matter about their premises are required by ordinance No. 5, to remove the same at once. During the beginning of warm weather with the existing accumulation of any decaying substance a great deal of sickness may follow. Hoping that all will comply without further notice.

H. W. Schmidt, Health Officer.

For Sale—A pleasant home. Jefferson and Madison streets. T. Cassidy. 12

NEW MILLINERY!

I am showing this spring the finest line of HATS, BONNETS, NOVELTIES, etc., that I have ever had and I invite the ladies of Chelsea and vicinity to call and examine my up-to-date stock of New Spring Millinery.

ELLA CRAIG-FOSTER.

Salesroom over Webster's Tailor Shop.

\$5. SUIT SALE \$5.

\$5.00



Mens' All-wool Suits

Mens' All-wool Bicycle Suits

Choice of over 200 of them for a \$5.00 bill

\$5.00

Not a suit in the lot that retails any where at less than \$7.50.

SUIT SALE

\$5.00

Many of them are equal in every respect to the \$8.00 and \$10.00 suits sold at other places.



SUIT SALE

We want you to look at these \$5.00 suits.

We want you to examine them Carefully.



We want you to compare them with the ordinary \$5.00 suits

We want you to satisfy yourself that every one of these \$5 suits is a bargain

\$5.00

\$5.00 SUIT SALE.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Standard Patterns for May now on sale.

FURNITURE, BICYCLES, FISHING TACKLE.



Watch for our change of advertisement next week.



STAFFAN FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING CO.

The Bent Glass Front. Main Street South.

A * DOLLAR * SAVE —IS— DOLLAR * EARNED

You can save money by buying your Groceries at

J. S. CUMMINGS.

Subscribe for The Chelsea Standard.

THE MINUTE MAN'S DAUGHTERS.



BY ELIZABETH OLMS.

CHAPTER III.—(Continued.)

Mistress Leland rose and went to the window under pretense of looking for the momentarily expected coach. By the time she turned away her slight discomfiture had disappeared.

"Are you sure, love, that all things are in readiness? No time must be lost when Cato once arrives. 'Tis not yet an hour to sunrise. The laggard should—ah, here he comes!"

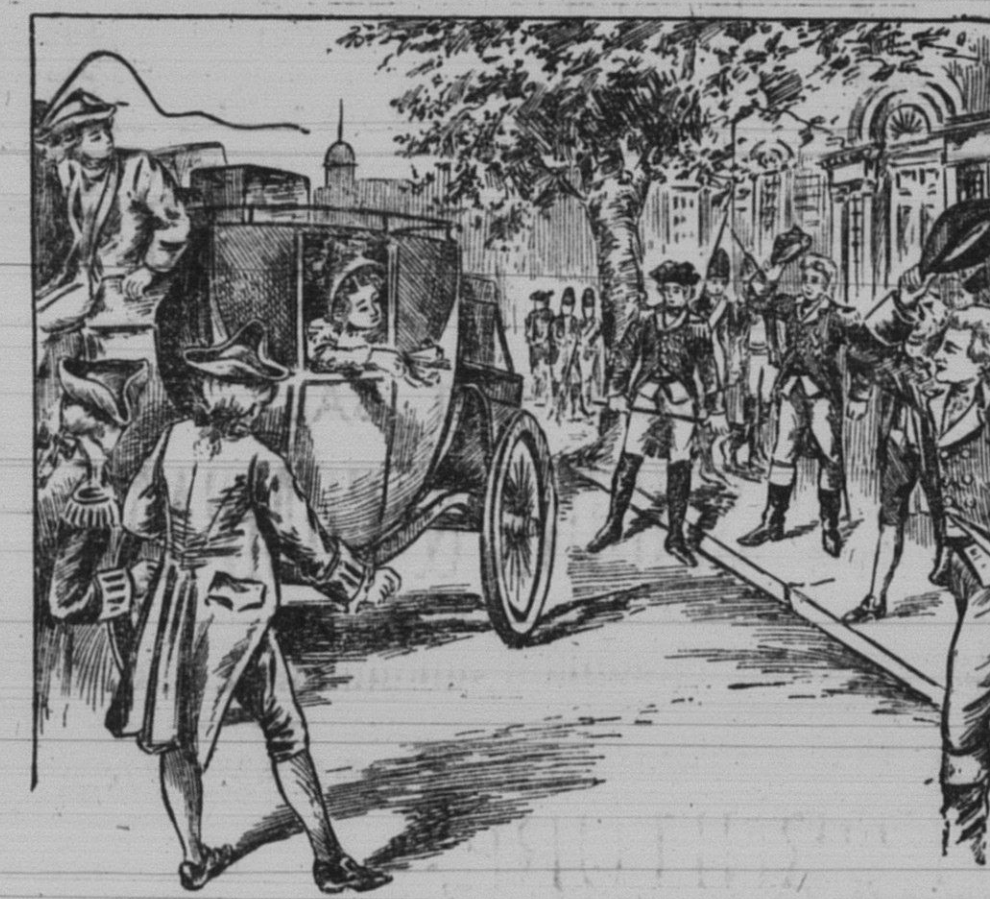
All was now hurry and bustle. Boxes and small trunks were brought out and stowed away in the capacious family coach. Granley flew back and forth, fetching numerous parcels. George and Captain Lancaster exchanged last words with Mistress Salome and Desire, and Francis Leland directed the maids and men in disposing of all the baggage.

Then the three travelers said a final good-bye and took their places within the swaying vehicle, followed by Mr. Leland, who was to accompany them as far as the Charlestown ferry. Granley jumped up beside Cato, who cracked his whip and started off his prancing steeds. The young men waved their hats, a white handkerchief fluttered back from the coach window, and Desire had taken a farewell glimpse of the place where Gilbert Merri-dale lay, still too weak to rise from his bed.

Headquarters Provost Marshal-General, British Army, Boston, June 20, 1775.

To All Whom It May Concern:

All officers and guards within the British lines will pass Mistress Salome Leland, wife of Francis Leland, loyal and trusted servant of His Majesty King George III.; Granley Leland, her son, a lad of fifteen; and Mistress Desire Leland, her niece, a young maiden, together with Cato, her negro coachman, outside the line on the morning of June 21—about day-



A HANDKERCHIEF FLUTTERED FROM THE WINDOW

break; also permit them to return before the set of sun on the same day.

Mistress Desire Leland has permission to remain outside the British lines if it so suit her convenience.

The party will travel in a coach, low-wheeled, with green body and yellow running gear, drawn by a pair of young chestnut mares.

(Signed) M. T. LORING, Provost Marshal.

This imposing paper was carefully scrutinized by the sentinels at Charlestown Ferry, but Francis Leland was too well known to render any further formalities necessary.

"Be sure to be here at sunset," his wife whispered at parting. "Bring an officer with you in case there be any trouble about the admission of the other girls."

She did not quite understand his odd little smile, as he assured her of the certainty of his presence, but there was no time to ask its explanation. Cato had already driven on to the flat ferryboat, and it was being pushed off.

"'Tis small use to tell a woman things she wishes not to believe. Best let her find them out herself. My excellent wife reckons without counting on my brother Timothy when she speaks of bringing his other daughters back with her to-night. He is made of stiffer stuff than I. She will be able to tell me if she can get his consent to parting with one of his girls. If I do not widely miss my guess, she'll not see them for many a long day after this."

The look of amusement left his face as he retraced his steps homeward. The gravity of the situation, which he could no longer deny, pressed heavily upon his kindly, easy-going nature. Strife and war and discomfort of any sort was most unwelcome to him. He longed for the day when he could shake from his feet the sands of this refractory new country and settle down again in quiet, steady-going old England.

Mistress Salome's face, on the contrary, grew brighter with each mile passed. Now that the moment of discussing her projects with her sister-in-law drew near, her enthusiasm increased. Wholly absorbed in her own thoughts, she noticed little of all that her son was watching with the greatest interest—the tents, the nondescript dress, the roughly made defenses, the huddled crowd of provincials who

thronged the roads and regarded with ill-concealed disfavor the dashing equipage of a royalist. Everywhere were signs of the abandonment, in a large measure, of the peaceful occupations of the season.

Desire saw and heard nothing going on around her. She still clasped Gilbert's hand and felt his arm about her as they bade each other farewell. He thought it was but for the day, and there was no deep sadness on his handsome face—only regret that for a few hours he must forego the sight and presence of his beloved one. But to her more sensitive consciousness had come at the last moment a strange, terrifying presentiment that their parting meant much more than this. She had then given no voice to this dread fear; now it overmastered her. She shrank into the farthest corner of the coach, and was so silent that at length Mistress Salome reached over and took the small, cold fingers in her warm palm.

"Grieve not so sorely, sweetheart. Sunset to-night will bring you to his side again," she murmured.

"I know not, dear aunt, whether your words will happen true or not," was her low reply. "My heart misgives me that many a weary hour lies between now and our meeting."

"Nay, now, my love. Shake off these naughty fears. 'Tis unlike your bonny, bright self. I would not have your mother see you thus grave. She will have poor respect for the care we have taken of you."

Thus urged, and with good reason, Desire tried bravely to hide her soreness of heart, and the time passed somehow until the fields of her father's farm came in view. Soon after this, the steaming horses were pulled up with a flourish at the door of her home.

CHAPTER IV.

"At kirk, or at market, when'er ye meet me, Gang by me as tho' that ye ear'd na' a flie; The Congregational Sunday school and c'e, Yet look as ye were na lookin' to me, Yet look as ye were na lookin' to me."

O whistle an' I'll come to ye, my lad.

Tho, father an' mother an' a' should gae mad.

O whistle an' I'll come to ye, my lad."

—Robert Burns.

Owing to circumstances which he had been far from foreseeing, Archibald McPhedris had been unable to keep his tryst with Delight Leland on the night of April 19. At the moment of starting for Boston he had been detained at headquarters and afterward ordered to join the re-enforcements under Lord Percy, who went to the succor of the hapless company sent to capture the stores at Concord. Later he had been detailed to special duty, and some time passed before he had opportunity to send any message to his impatient sweetheart.

Those were not happy days for Delight. Her training from babyhood had been that of a God-fearing, Puritan home. Her conscience, thus tenderly instructed, continually upbraided her for the duplicity of her conduct. She did not dare to openly break off with David Townsend, lest suspicion be awakened and her father take forcible means to curtail her personal liberty. She knew well that he was capable of resorting to extreme measures in the maintenance of the right. Her own inheritance of his strong will and indomitable determination kept her true to a purpose which many girls would have abandoned as hopeless from the outset.

Her visit during the winter to "the camp of the Philistines," as Aunt Rachel always called the household of Francis Leland, giving her chance for a continuance of her acquaintance with Archibald McPhedris, had resulted in a perversion of her usually clear judgment. Seeing everything from that time on through the eyes of her infatuation for his handsome self, she felt no longer bound by duty to her country, her parents or the manly young lover to whom she was promised.

"It would be a sin to marry Dave when I do not love him. Archie says so," she whispered to her accusing inner self.

"Then tell him frankly that you cannot be his wife," came in prompt answer.

But with all her daring she had not the moral courage to do this, and so she continued to allow Dave's visits, perplexing him and irritating herself by a waywardness and perversity never before exhibited.

Poor Dave excused her unaccountable behavior in every way but the right one, which would have been long in suggesting itself to his noble mind, and the days passed with no sort of comfort to either of them from the time of her recall from Boston, early in March, to the battle of Lexington.

During that infamous assault, Dave was wounded severely, and lay for days at death's door. Just as seldom as she could manage, and no oftener, she stood for a few minutes by his bedside, little imagining with what different feelings her sister was ministering to her lover injured on the same fatal day.

Her conduct at this time could not pass unobserved by both families, but no apparent notice of it was taken.

One morning, about the first of May, a peddler made his appearance at the kitchen door of the Leland house. Pack-peddlers were not unusual visitors in those days. Their visits were generally hailed with rejoicing by the feminine portion of the family, as they always brought with them articles of greater value and beauty than could be bought at the village stores. This mid-forenoon call was no exception to the rule. Dolly, who was paring potatoes on the shady doorstep as he came slowly along the well-trodden walk, hastened to bring out a chair, placing it for him under the big elm tree quite near, before she ran to call her mother and sisters.

"Come down, girls, there's a pack-peddler here!" she shouted up the stairway. Sylvia alone responded.

"Where is Delight?" asked Dolly, her black eyes sparkling at sight of the opening pack.

"She is in the garden."

"I saw her down in the orchard just now," answered Sylvia, who had caught a glimpse of the arriving peddler and hurried back to the house.

"I'll bring her," cried Dolly, racing off across the yard. By the time she returned, accompanied by Delight, the peddler had taken his wares to the kitchen and strewn floor and table with them. Silks and laces, hosiery and linen, buttons, thread, tape, ribbon, handkerchiefs, taffeta, gauze, velvet and all sorts of other goods lay about in tempting profusion.

Delight, mindful of a broad gold piece given her by her uncle Francis which her hasty departure from Boston had given her no chance to spend, and eager to own some bit of fresh adornment for the time of her next meeting with Archie, did not so much as glance at the peddler. Her whole attention was given to the examination of a bit of beautiful lace.

"See, mother, how exquisitely fine! I've not seen handsomer in the Boston shops. How think you? Will I not do well to use a part of Uncle Francis' gift for its purchase?"

"Let me crave your attention to this piece, which is far more elegant in design," interpolated the peddler. Delight hastily dropped the card around which the web-like fabric was wrapped.

"Allow me," murmured the peddler, stooping with a gallant air to pick it up. "If you will step to the window you will be better able to discover the true quality of the thread."

Without waiting for her reply he strode to the open window at the farthest end of the room, followed by Delight, trembling in every limb. For she had recognized the mellow, pleasant voice as Archie's. There was no opportunity for a word to pass between them, but she felt him adroitly slip another card of lace into her hand as she pretended to be closely examining the piece he offered to show her. He then at once turned back to the table.

"The pattern you hold is of the same quality—a short length. How much would you wish of it?"

"I—I hardly know," said Delight, her eyes fixed upon the lace; "you know best, mother. 'Twill be needed for the neck and sleeves of my lilac lutestring."

Before Mistress Leland could reply, the smooth-speaking peddler was ready with a smiling suggestion.

"If your daughter might fetch her gown—or, perhaps—she has full liberty to take the lace away to measure—if she prefer—"

Delight, instantly taking this hint, was out of the room and half way up the stairway before his sentence was ended. He lost no time after her departure in opening a box and bringing out a string of gold beads, which he carried directly to Sylvia. An observer of the scene would have noticed that he kept closer watch of that bright-eyed maiden than even of Delight. Few of the others had he the least fear of detection, but something in her keen glances made him doubtful, and he determined to prevent her joining her sister. Her careless inspection of the beads confirmed his surmise, and when she said to her mother that she would fetch her dimity Spencer to be measured for some lace he felt sure that his ruse had been discovered.

(To be continued.)

Keeping "Tab" on a Man's Faults.

Mrs. Murkle—Joshiah, do you know that you have sworn three times within an hour, that six dark frowns have crossed your brow, that you have spoken crossly to the children four times and that you have bitched around in your chair so much that I wouldn't be surprised if the carpet were all worn out under you?"

Mr. Murkle—Indeed! Well, can you tell me how many nice things I have said to you and the children during the past hour, how often I have laughed, how many words of encouragement I have used, how many twinkles have come into my eyes and how many minutes I have sat absolutely still?"

Mrs. Murkle—I haven't counted them.

Mr. Murkle—That's what I thought. Suppose you try looking out for a fellow's good qualities a little while. Perhaps if you do that you'll not have so much time to keep tab on his faults.

Mrs. Murkle (beginning to weep)—Joshiah, you are not satisfied with me. You wish you were married to some other woman!

Mr. Murkle—Dash it, who could help swearing under such circumstances? I've half a mind to go out and get drunk.

Mrs. Murkle—There, now the animal in you is gaining full control again. Oh, why did I ever place my fair, sweet young life in the keeping of a brute!

(Curtain.)—Cleveland Leader.

Closed Door in Madagascar.

The "closed door" in Madagascar under French rule has caused Great Britain's trade to drop from \$700,000 to \$100,000 in one year.

A VEGETABLE EXPLOSIVE.

Curious Fruit that Has Been Discovered in Batavia.

A very curious fruit has been discovered growing wild in Batavia, and a sample has been sent to a French professor of botany at Paris. It appears to be a species of bean, resembling a cigar both in form and color, though only about an inch in length. But it has a peculiar characteristic which renders it a very unique and interesting object, and this is the exceedingly energetic manner in which it scatters its seeds. If one of these little fruits be thrown into a basin of water it will rest quietly on the surface for from two to five minutes, then it will explode with violence, hurling most of its contents into the air with a noise and splash for all the world like a small torpedo. It is hardly necessary to say that this phenomenon is caused by the pressure of the elastic substance of its interior overcoming the resistance of its hard outer shell.

The fruit usually splits open lengthwise. If plucked before maturity and allowed to ripen in a warm spot, it opens gradually from apex to base, making, as it were, a pair of diverging horns starting from the same point. If left to ripen on the plant, since the process is quicker and the internal moisture greater, the opening is sudden and accompanied with a slight noise, though this is much less than that which takes place when it has been placed in water. In this case the dry but porous tissue of the surface of the fruit quickly absorbs the liquid, especially at the grooves caused by the junction of the two valves or outer shells of the fruit. The internal tissue being very elastic, exerts upon the latter a tension which soon results in the violent bursting already described. The curious property of explosion is given the little plant for the dissemination of its seeds, which would otherwise stand a poor chance of propagating its species.—Montreal Weekly Witness.

CIGAROLGY.

Indications of Character in the Manner of Handling the Weed.

When you see a man grip a cigar between his teeth and hold it fast, careless of whether it burns or not, you can set him down as an aggressive, calculating and exacting, not to say canny, individual.

If a man smokes a cigar deliberately, just enough to keep it lighted, and delights in taking it from his mouth and watching the blue smoke from it curl upward, he is likely to be an easy-going man, good natured and honest.

There is another fellow who smokes intermittently, takes a puff and then rests, and fumbles his cigar about. He is apt to have little decision of character, and to be easily affected by circumstances. A man may be nervous and fumble his cigar a good bit, and in this event he is a would-be swell, vain and frivolous.

He invariably tilts his cigar upward, while a sensible, level-headed fellow will hold it straight out from the mouth. When you see a man chewing up an unlighted cigar, and twisting it about, he is nervous, but of great tenacity.

A man who cannot keep his cigar alight has a whole-souled disposition. He has a lively nature, is a hail-fellow, well-met, glib of tongue, and usually a good story teller.

Hunting Tigers in Persia.

The people of different countries have different ways of hunting the tiger. Traps, pitfalls, spring-guns and nets are called into play. The Chinese are said to employ the mirror to lead the animal into a trap. The tiger's curiosity is excited when he sees his image in the glass, and he immediately proceeds to investigate the mystery. The Persian manner of conducting the hunt, as this is described in Chambers' Journal, is more sportsmanlike.

A spherical, strongly woven bamboo cage, with intervals of a few inches between the bars, is erected in some spot near the haunts of the tiger. This cage is firmly and securely picketed to the ground. Inside, a man provided with several sharp and powerful stabbing spears, or with a keen and pointed sword, takes his post at night, with a dog or a goat as his companion. There he wraps himself in his blanket and goes to sleep.

In due time the tiger makes his appearance, the man is waked by his four-footed companion, and after vainly snuffing and prowling round the cage to find an entrance the tiger rears against the walls.

The man instantly takes advantage of the brute's unprotected position, and with a resolute stroke of the spear or the sword puts him to death.

A Lawyerlike Remedy.

A man whose sleep had been disturbed nightly by the howling, on his own back fence, of his neighbor's cat, came at last in despair to a lawyer. An exchange reports the interview.

"There the cat sits every night on our fence," the sufferer explained, "and he yowls and yowls and yowls. Now, I don't want to get into any trouble with my neighbor, but I would like to know if I am not justified in putting a stop to it."

"Certainly," replied the lawyer.

"I am well within my rights if I shoot the cat, then?"

"Um, well, I would hardly say that," answered the lawyer. "The cat does not belong to you, as I understand it?"

"No."

"And the fence does?"

"Yes."

"Well, then, I think I may safely say that you have a perfect right to tear down the fence."

After a man passes forty he goes into contortions every time he gets in front of a mirror in trying to see the back of his head.

Danny's Letter.

Danny's father, who is a farmer and stock-grower, took several car-loads of hogs, reared on his own farm, to Chicago, where he sold them to the great pork-packing firm of Armour & Company.

While in Chicago Danny's father received the following letter from the little boy:

"Dere Papa: Did you see Mr. Armour kill the big fat hog with the black tale and didn't he think it was a bus-ster? I was sorry to see the hogs leave the farm and you most of all. Your loving son, DANNY."

—Youth's Companion.

Abolish the Death Penalty.

At Albany the law-makers are wrangling over the abolition of the death penalty. The man who succeeds will prove as great a benefactor to the breaker of man's laws as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has to the breaker of nature's laws. If you're neglected your stomach until indigestion and constipation are upon you, try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Making Himself Clearer.

Cactus Cal—The coyote that hez been holding up so many of our citizens wuz himself held up last night.

Arizona Arlie—Sho! Who held him up?

Cactus Cal—Oh, me an' several other regulars.

Arizona Arlie—Did he make much resistance?

Cactus Cal—Naw. Yer see, what we held him up with wuz a rope—Judge.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich smell brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Lesser of Two Evils.

When her husband ate the bread she had made her joy was for the moment complete. But presently there gathered the inevitable cloud of doubt.

"Is it because he loves me," she asked herself, "or is it to keep me from making bread pudding?"

Not in the inscrutable face of the man could she an answer find.—Detroit Journal.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Making a Sure Thing of It.

"I was just paying a bet, papa," exclaimed the young woman who had been caught indulging in osculatory exercises. "I bet him a kiss."

"And what did he bet?"

"A—another kiss," was the hesitating reply.—Chicago Evening Post.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Spring Bitters.

Major Drinkerupp—Did yo' evah take spring bitters, Kun?

Colonel Onceagain—I did, suh. I was married in April.—Judge.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Discretion in speech is more than eloquence.—Bacon.

A CHARMING grandmother!

What a pleasant influence in the house is a delightful old lady in good health!

MRS. MOLLIE BARBER, St. James, Mo., writes: "I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of life, and have passed through that critical period safely. I suffered for years with falling of the womb and female weakness. At times could hardly stand on my feet, also had leucorrhoea. I tried several good doctors, but instead of getting better, grew worse all the time. A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound. I did so and after taking six bottles, was cured of both leucorrhoea and falling of womb. I am now enjoying good health and feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. I would recommend it to all women suffering as I was."

HEALTHFUL OLD AGE

Mrs. N. E. LACEY, Pearl, La., writes:

"I have had leucorrhoea for about twenty years, falling of womb by spells for ten years, and my bladder was affected, had backache a great deal. I tried a number of doctors. They would not believe me for a little while, then I would be worse than ever. I then thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Eleven bottles of Compound and one box of Liver Pills cured me and I am now sound and well. It helped me through the change of life period. I am fifty-five years old."

The women of advanced years who are healthy and happy are invariably those who have known how to secure help when they need it. Mrs. Pinkham will advise any woman free of charge who writes about her health. Her address is Lynn, Mass.



THE WOMEN SAY

There is No Remedy the Equal of Pe-ru-na in All Their Peculiar Ills.



MISS SUSAN WYMAR.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the common school, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Pe-ru-na. She says: "Only those who have suffered with sleeplessness from nervousness in the school room, such as I have, can know what a blessing it is to be able to find relief by spending a couple of dollars for some Pe-ru-na. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Pe-ru-na has brought me a good friend to me."

Miss Margaretta Dauben, 1214 North Superior street, Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that I cannot describe it. Pe-ru-na is everything to me. I feel healthy and strong, but if I should be sick I will know what to take. I have taken several bottles of Pe-ru-na for female complaint. I am in change of life and it does me good." Read for a free book written by Dr. Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA.

Dr. B. Scully, of 75 Nassau street, New York, says: "I have been troubled with dyspepsia and I came to the conclusion to try your Pe-ru-na. I found great relief from it. I have now been entirely cured. The dyspepsia has not now returned. The dyspepsia has been a great trouble to me and my rheumatism is gone. I am satisfied if anyone afflicted will give Pe-ru-na a trial they will surely cure them. I have found it all comes from the system being out of order and not doing its work."

ROADWAY'S PILLS

All Disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Discharges, Constipation, Piles, also SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS, INDICATION, CONSTIPATION, etc.



Send your address on a postal and we will send you our 150 page illustrated catalogue free.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., 100 Winchester Ave., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

The Natural Cure for Indigestion.

Do you have pain in the stomach after eating? Do you have a yellow tongue? Wind on the stomach? Constipation? These things arise from Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

Digestion depends on digestive fluids or "ferments" secreted by certain glands. When the secretion becomes insufficient, indigestion results. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cause these glands to resume their normal action and good digestion follows.

Artificial ferments (of which most so-called Dyspepsia cures are composed) may give temporary relief, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People afford a permanent cure.

Poor digestion often causes irregularity of the heart's action. This irregularity may be mistaken for real, organic heart disease. A case in point: Mrs. Ellen Colson, Newport, Ind., had suffered for four years with stomach trouble. The irregularity of her digestion pressed on the heart, and caused an irregularity of its action. She had much pain in her stomach and heart, and was subject to frequent and severe choking spells which were most frequent at night. Doctors were tried in vain, the patient became worse, despondent, and feared impending death. She noticed that in intervals in which her stomach did not annoy her, her heart's action became normal. Reasoning correctly that her digestion was at fault she at once procured the proper medicine to treat that trouble and with immediate good results. Her appetite came back, the choking spells became less frequent and finally ceased. Her weight, which had been greatly reduced, was restored and she now weighs more than for years.

That others may know the means of cure we give the name of the medicine used—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore enfeebled nerves.

—New Era, Greenburg, Ind.

Sold by all druggists or sent postpaid by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. Price, 50¢ per box; 6 boxes, \$2.50. A diet book sent FREE.

It Was Before the Day of

SAPOLIO

They Used to Say "Woman's Work is Never Done."

Ball Bearings Did It.

Bicycles were invented centuries ago, but it required the magic touch of the nineteenth century inventor to make the "wheel" a most useful vehicle, instead of a mere toy.

Ball bearings did it. It was a case where the improvement has proved greater than the original invention. The principle that reduces friction to a minimum in a bicycle is applicable to all machinery, and the cost is the only obstacle in the way of what will be known in history as the "Light Draft Bicycles" in the future. Millions of dollars have been spent in this direction. The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, solved the problem, as far as grain binders and mowers are concerned, by equipping their machines with roller and ball bearings in 1891.

Other manufacturers in this line have since followed with several kinds of experimental roller bearings, but the Deering machines are still alone in the field with ball bearings of the bicycle pattern. The Deering Company's annual catalogue for 1899 contains some very interesting historical matter on this subject, fully illustrated. The book also describes the largest factory in America and gives the latest news on the subject of harvesting machinery. Send for one; it's free.

Comfortable Poverty.

Some of the writers on household economy reason about as rationally as the little princess who wondered why the poor did not eat cake when they couldn't afford to buy bread. The "frugal luncheon" of a poor but refined woman is thus described by one of these authorities: Welsh rarebit, tea, Hamburg steak decorated with celery tops, celery and apple salad with French dressing, and Albert biscuit.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

Bicycle Ball-Bearings.

At Schweinfurt, Bavaria, is one of the largest of the world's manufacturing factories for bicycle ball-bearings. The two factories there, belonging to one firm, turn out annually 2,000,000 gross of these little steel balls, and employ 1000 men.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Very Suitable.

Customer—Have you something suitable for sleeping robes? Bright salesman—How would this do, ma'am? You will notice its heavy nap.—Boston Transcript.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

We love to expect, and when expectation is either disappointed or gratified we want to be again expecting.—Johnson.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

The greatest affliction that can befall a man is the unkindness of a friend.—Fielding.

Fortify feeble lungs against winter blasts with Hale's Sore Throat and Cough Syrup. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Adversity borrows its sharpest stings from our impatience.—Bishop Horne.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething: softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that R. F. P. A. S. will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

FALL OF CALUMPIT.

MACARTHUR'S DIVISION ANNIHILATES REBEL FORCE.

Eight Americans Are Killed—Day of Desperate Fighting Crowned with Victory—Filipinos Flee to Hills—Calumpit the Key to Northern Luzon.

A dispatch from Manila says: "Gen. MacArthur's division, 6,000 troops, annihilated the insurgents at Calumpit Wednesday. Aguinaldo's troops made a stubborn resistance, but were driven to the hills. Eight Americans were killed. Calumpit is the key to the whole of northern Luzon. The defenses surrounding Calumpit were stormed by Gen. MacArthur at 11:30 o'clock, and were taken by the American troops at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

"The defenses are well-constructed emplacements on the bank of the Bagbag river, formed so as to make an angle along a high bluff. Gen. Hale flanked the trenches with the Fifty-first Iowa, the First North Dakota and the First Nebraska volunteers. Gen. Wheaton moved along the railroad with the Montana and Kansas regiments in front, guarding the supply train, which carried three guns of the Montana regiment on armored cars. Col. Funston of the Kansas regiment, after swimming the Bagbag, was the first in the rebel intrenchments. Gen. Hale was separated from Gen. Wheaton by the Quinga river, which empties into the Bagbag. He made a junction by swimming the river, taking guns and mules.

Gen. Wheaton's command, the Kansas and Montana volunteers, during the night had repaired the bridge over the Bagbag river. The volunteers then crossed and attacked the Filipinos in the trenches, and after a short but sharp fight forced the enemy into Calumpit. Here Aguinaldo's army fought desperately. For the first time the Filipinos employed artillery. They brought two guns into action in the trenches before Calumpit, firing modern shrapnel, which burst over the heads of Gen. Wheaton's men without effect. The American loss in the morning's fight was three killed and three wounded. The Filipino loss was small, but they were well protected by their earthworks.

The Filipinos adopted the same tactics as at Malolos, contesting the American advance on their headquarters and then abandoning them when the capture of the place was inevitable.

The advance of the Americans Tuesday was marked by a stubborn resistance by the Filipinos and occasional severe fighting. Gen. MacArthur's advance began at 9 o'clock in the morning. Gen. Wheaton, commanding the Kansas and Montana regiments, with three guns of the Utah battery and two troops of cavalry, marched along the railroad, his line on the right reaching to the Bagbag river. On the other side of the river was Gen. Hale with the Iowa, Nebraska and South Dakota volunteers. The left of the American line on the railroad was strengthened with an armed train.

For two miles the advance was without incident. Then the enemy's trenches, running across the Americans' front, were encountered, and the train was moved forward and shelled the insurgent position. The Filipinos responded in lively fashion. Gen. Hale's brigade made a brilliant advance over open ground to the Chico river. They were exposed to a galling fire from the enemy's trenches at the junction of the Bagbag and Chico rivers.

The Iowa regiment made a detour to the right to flank the trenches, and when this movement was executed the Nebraskans and South Dakotans swam the river, drove the enemy from their positions, and pursued them for half a mile before they were recalled. Before this was accomplished, however, Maj. Young, with the guns of the Utah artillery, dashed through a village that had been burned and protected the Nebraskans and South Dakotans as they made their way across the river. The artillery lost one killed and three wounded in making their dash.

The Filipinos had the advantage of the fighting by the Chico, as they had cleared the country of everything that would appear a protection to the Americans. The attempt to wreck the armored train of the Americans by weakening the bridge over the Bagbag was a failure. Part of the bridge fell in with its own weight before the train reached it.

The American loss in the two days' operations was twelve killed and thirty-nine wounded. The known rebel loss is seventy-five killed in front of Wheaton's brigade Tuesday and about 200 killed and wounded in front of Hale's Monday.

GREAT FLOOD AT OMAHA.

Alarming Conditions Caused by Rise of the Missouri River.

The rise of the Missouri river in the vicinity of Omaha caused alarming conditions, and people in the lowlands and those who own property there have had reason for extreme anxiety. Watchmen, armed with shotguns, were kept guarding at the Locust street dyke, at the south end of Cutoff lake, with the intention of shooting any person or persons they might catch trying to cut through the dyke in order to permit the escape of the flood of water that is overspreading East Omaha.

From the upper river country come alarming reports of the Missouri's ravages. In Union County, South Dakota, the river has cut deep into the banks toward McCook lake, an old river bed. It lacks only a short distance now of getting through, and should this happen a new course would be made across valuable farm and timber land into the Sioux river. Already one woman has lost 250 acres of timber land. It is simply falling into the river, carrying trees and everything else with it. The river may yet tear a new course into Dakota County, Nebraska, and great alarm exists.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

In the Great Grain and Grazing Belts of Western Canada and information as to how to secure them can be had on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. Broughton, 1234 Madison Building, Chicago, Ill.; E. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.; M. V. McInnes, No. 1 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.; D. Caven, Box 48, Mich.; James Grieve, Reed City, Mich.; N. Bartholomew, 308 Fifth Street, Des Moines, Iowa. Agents for the Government of Canada.

C. N. U. No. 18-09

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Syrup of Figs

DELIGHTFUL LIQUID LAXATIVE

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS BUY THE GENUINE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y. U.S.A. LONDON, ENG.

AN EXCELLENT COMBINATION

THE pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well-known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company, illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative,

CLEANSING THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY, DISPELLING COLDS AND HEADACHES, PREVENTING FEVERS, OVERCOMING HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY.

Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, gently yet promptly, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but

THE MEDICINAL QUALITIES ARE OBTAINED FROM SENNA AND OTHER AROMATIC PLANTS,

by a method known to the California Fig Syrup Company only. In order to get its beneficial effects, and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

Consumers of the choicest products of modern commerce purchase at about the same price that others pay for cheap and worthless imitations. To come into universal demand and to be everywhere considered the best of its class, an article must be capable of satisfying the wants and tastes of the best informed purchasers. The California Fig Syrup Company having met with the highest success in the manufacture and sale of its excellent liquid laxative remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, it has become important to all to have a knowledge of the Company and its product. The California Fig Syrup Company was organized more than fifteen years ago, for the special purpose of manufacturing and selling a laxative remedy which would be more pleasant to the taste and more beneficial in effect than any other known. The great value of the remedy, as a medicinal agent and of the Company's efforts, is attested by the sale of millions of bottles annually, and by the high approval of most eminent physicians. As the true and genuine remedy named SYRUP OF FIGS is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, the knowledge of that fact will assist in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For Sale by All Druggists, Price 50¢ Per Bottle.

ALABASTINE

ALABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all other wall coatings. Ready for use in white or twelve beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whitening, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

BEWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

ENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringing Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

HE INTERIOR WALLS of every schoolhouse should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons are used annually for this work.

N BUYING ALABASTINE, see that packages are properly labeled. Beware of large four-pound package light kalsomine, offered to customers as a five-pound package.

UISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

STABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write for "ALABASTINE ERA," FREE for "ALABASTINE ERA," Grand Rapids, Michigan.

FREE HOMES.

In the Great Grain and Grazing Belts of Western Canada and information as to how to secure them can be had on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. Broughton, 1234 Madison Building, Chicago, Ill.; E. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.; M. V. McInnes, No. 1 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.; D. Caven, Box 48, Mich.; James Grieve, Reed City, Mich.; N. Bartholomew, 308 Fifth Street, Des Moines, Iowa. Agents for the Government of Canada.

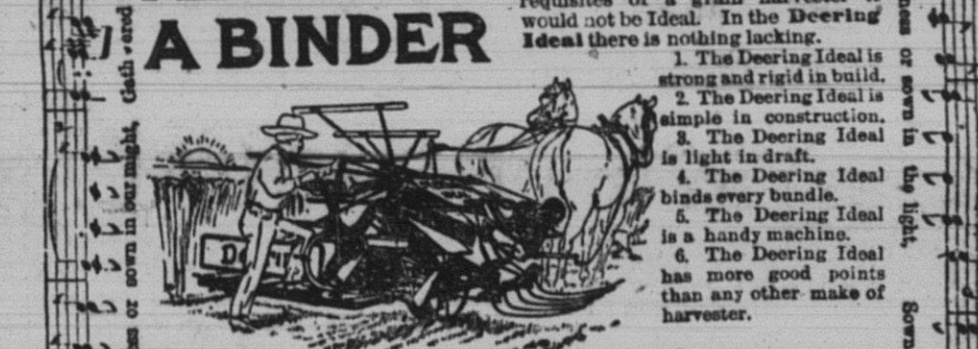
C. N. U. No. 18-09

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

NOTES ABOUT A BINDER

Oh, what shall the har-vest be?... Oh, what shall the har-vest be? WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE DEERING IDEAL.

If it were lacking in any of these qualities which farm use has demonstrated to be the prime requisites of a grain harvester it would not be ideal. In the Deering Ideal there is nothing lacking.



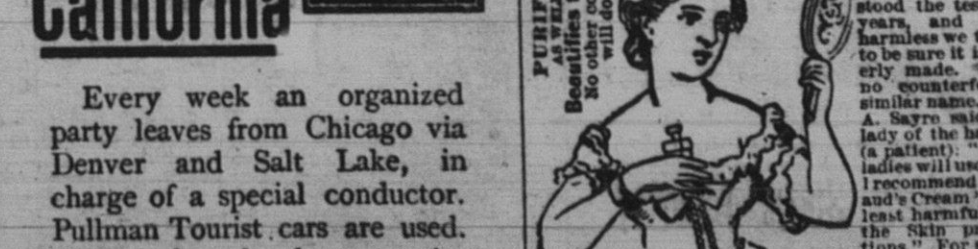
DEERING HARVESTER COMPANY, CHICAGO.

Excursions to California

Every week an organized party leaves from Chicago via Denver and Salt Lake, in charge of a special conductor. Pullman Tourist cars are used. They lack only the expensive finish of Palace cars, while the cost per berth is about one-third. Similar parties leave each week from St. Louis also. For particulars address T. A. GRADY, Excursion Manager, 211 Clark Street, Chicago.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Boils, Faches, Redness, and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on Beauty, and defers detection. It has stood the test of 50 years, and is as harmless as taste is to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeits. Similar name, Dr. J. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hotel (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the best and most beneficial of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U.S., Canada, and Europe. FIELD, T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 27 Great Jones St., N.Y.



WHISKERS DYED

A Natural Black by Buckingham's Dye.

Price 50 cents of all druggists or R. F. Hall & Co., Nashua, N.H.

PAYS FOR A 5-LINE

ment & TIMES in 100 big-size papers in Illinois, guaranteed circulation 100,000 or we can insert 10,000 papers for \$100. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. Chicago Newspaper Union, 60 South Jefferson Street, Chicago, Ill.

FISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

JACOB EDER,
TONSorial Parlors
Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing, etc.,
executed in first-class style. Razors
honed and shears sharpened.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.
Shop in the Staffan block, Main street.

S. G. BUSH
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Formerly resident physician U. of M.
Hospital,
Office in Hatch block. Residence op-
posite M. E. church.

McCOLGAN.
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur
Office and residence corner of Main
and Park Streets.
Graduate of Philadelphia Polytechnic
in diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.

FRANK SHAVER,
Proprietor of the "City" Barber
Shop. In the new Babcock Building
Main street.
Bathroom in connection.

CHELSEA, MICH.

H. AVERY,
DENTIST
All kinds of dental work done in a
careful and thorough manner.
Special attention given to
children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and
local anesthetics used in extracting.
Permanently located.
Office over Raftery's Tailor Shop.

W. S. HAMILTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Treats all diseases of domesticated ani-
mals. Special attention given to lame-
ness and horse dentistry. Office and re-
sidence on Park street across from M. E.
church, Chelsea, Mich.

G. E. HATHWAY,
GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY.
Why not have a new set of Furniture
for your dining room? Useful as well as
ornamental. We always try them in be-
fore they are finished so that any changes
in arrangement can be made. Gas admin-
istered when desired. Also a safe and
reliable anesthetic for extracting.

DO YOU WANT LIFE INSURANCE?
DO YOU WANT FIRE INSURANCE?
I represent "The Mutual Life Insur-
ance Company of New York," the largest
insurance company in the world. Also,
six of the best Fire Insurance Companies.
Can carry farm risks. Call and get figures
before you place your insurance.

B. B. TURNBULL, Agent.
R. P. CARPENTER, W. R. C. NO. 210,
meets the Second and Fourth Friday in
each month. The Second Friday at 2:30
p. m. The Fourth Friday at 7:30 p. m.
R. M. WILKINSON, Secretary.

OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F. & A. M.
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge,
No. 156, F. & A. M. for 1899.
Jan. 24, Feb. 21, March 21, April 18,
May 23, June 20, July 18, Aug. 15,
Sept. 12, Oct. 17, Nov. 14. Annual
meeting and election of officers Dec.
22
THEO. E. WOOD, Sec.

INSTRUCTION S
given on Mandolin, Violin, Clarinet and
Bass Viol.

K. OTTO STEINBACH.
Geo. H. Foster,
AUCTIONEER
Satisfaction Guaranteed
Terms Reasonable.
Headquarters at Standard Office.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERY-
where for "The Story of the Philippines" by
Maurice Hottel, commissioned by the Govern-
ment as official Historian to the War Depart-
ment. The book was written in army camps at
San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Mer-
ritt, in the hospitals at Manila, in the trenches
in the American trenches at Manila, in the in-
fant camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the
Olympus with Dewey, and in the rear of battle
at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brin-
gful of original pictures taken by government pho-
tographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices.
Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop
all trashy unsolicited book offers. Outfit free. Ad-
dress, P. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Build-
ing, Chicago.

Rooms to Rent.
Inquire at the Kempf Commercial &
Savings Bank.

Laundering
You will want
them dressed
after this spring.
Lace Curtains
We can make
look like new.
Our Laundry is equipped to do this work
just as well as it can be done. We get
them clean; don't tear them or break the
threads; use good starch that keeps them
in place and looking nice a long time.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time Card, taking effect, Jan. 29, 1899.
TRAINS EAST:
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:20 a. m.
No. 36—Atlantic Express 7:15 a. m.
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.
No. 6—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.
TRAINS WEST:
No. 3—Express and Mail 9:17 a. m.
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.
O. W. ROGERS, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent

Weather Indications.

At last the long tedious winter seems to
have its back broken and who does not
hall with a feeling of delight the ap-
proach of beautiful spring time, when
mother earth dons her lovely green
hue, and the birds sing their praises.
But what I want to get at is, the roads
are going to be in fine condition soon and
parents wish to take a drive in the
country and the young man wishes to take
his sweetheart out for a drive, they ex-
amine the old buggy and say to them-
selves this will never do, I must have a
NEW SURREY or BUGGY. Now if you
are in need of a Buggy or Wagon of any
kind just call on

CHAS. STEINBACH

and examine his line of Vehicles they are
the finest ever brought to Chelsea and at
prices that will make people buy. Also
if you want a

BICYCLE

I am right in it. I am Agent for the
celebrated high grade Wheel made by
the White Sewing Machine Co. Also
handle cheaper grades. Call and see me
before purchasing.

C. STEINBACH.

It's Nobody's Fool

**That Buys Something to
Eat When he is Hungry.**

When you are hungry and
want something fancy in the

MEAT

line, just step into our mar-
ket. We know that we can
please you.

Rich, juicy steaks,

Bacon and hams,

Salt and smoked meats,

Sausages of all kinds,

Lard, etc.

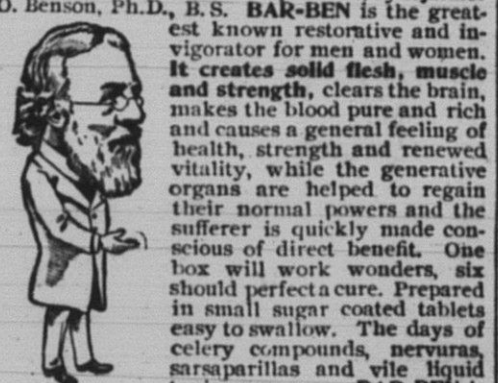
ADAM EPPLER

THE BUTCHER.

BAR-BEN

It's not a "patent" medicine, but is prepared
direct from the formula of E. E. Barton, M. D.
Cleveland's most eminent specialist, by Hjalmer
O. Benson, Ph.D., B.S. BAR-BEN is the great-
est known restorative and in-
vigorator for men and women.
It creates solid flesh, muscle
and strength, clears the brain
and makes the blood pure and rich
and causes a general feeling of
health, strength and renewed
vitality, while the generative
organs are helped to regain their
normal powers and the sufferer
is quickly made conscious
of direct benefit. One
box will work wonders, six
should be taken. Prepared
in small sugar coated tablets
easy to swallow. The days
of celery compounds, nervines,
sarsaparillas and vile blood
tonics are over. BAR-BEN is
for sale at all drug stores, a 60-dose box for 50
cents, or we will mail it securely sealed on re-
ceipt of price. DIES. HAYTON & SONS,
Bar-Ben Block, Cleveland, O.

For sale by FENN & VOGEL, drugs
groceries and stationery.



for sale at all drug stores, a 60-dose box for 50
cents, or we will mail it securely sealed on re-
ceipt of price. DIES. HAYTON & SONS,
Bar-Ben Block, Cleveland, O.

For sale by FENN & VOGEL, drugs
groceries and stationery.

REMOVAL.

I have removed to my rooms over
Fenn & Vogel's drug store, where I shall
continue my business as an

OPTICIAN,

and the general repairing of

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

and should be pleased to have all my
old customers and many new old to give
me a call in my new quarters.

F. KANTLEHNER.

PERFECT

LAST

FOREVER.

Copper Plated

All Steel Levers.

Combination Beam.

Catalogue Free.

Address, JONES OF BINGHAMTON,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-

tenaw, s. s. At a session of the Probate Court

for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the

Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on

Monday, the 24th day of April in the year

one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Augustus Wed-

emeyer deceased.

Frederick Wedemeyer the administrator of

said estate, comes into court and represents

that he is now prepared to render his final ac-

count as such administrator.

Thereupon, it is ordered, that Friday, the

Council Proceedings.

Continued from first page.

Moved by Bachman, seconded by Vogel,
that we allow Dr. H. W. Schmidt \$100.00
for services as health officer for the past
year.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Bach-
man and Twamley.
Nays—None.
Carried.

Moved by Bachman, seconded by
Twamley, and resolved: That this coun-
cil will audit and pay twenty-five cents
per hour, for each hour that any and all
members of the fire department shall
serve the village in the capacity of fire-
man at each and every fire, that hereafter
occurs in said village, at the termination
of such fire and when ready to return
from further service at such fire the roll
shall be called and such members who
has rendered services at the fire who shall
answer the roll call shall be entered by the
clerk or other officer of the fire de-
partment, which said roll with the names
of the persons who have rendered services
at such fire with the number of hours
each person has served extended thereon,
shall be filed with the village clerk and
such compensation shall be adjusted and
allowed by said council at the next regu-
lar session, and when audited, allowed
and paid, shall be in full for all such ser-
vices.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Schenk, seconded by Vogel,
that the bond of Sax C. Stinson be ac-
cepted with Geo. P. Glazier and W. J.
Knapp as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Vogel, seconded by McKune,
that the bond of T. McNamara be ac-
cepted with Martin Howe and Timothy Mc-
Kune as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Twamley seconded by Vogel,
that the bond of Fred Heller be accepted
with G. Grau and F. Staffan as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by McKune, seconded by Vogel,
that the bond of F. McNamara be ac-
cepted with F. Staffan and James S.
Gorman as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Twamley seconded by Vogel,
that the bond of L. P. Klein be ac-
cepted with Chris Klein and James
Taylor as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Vogel seconded by McKune,
that the bond of Jacob Zang be accepted
with Jas. S. Gorman and Martin Howe
as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, Twamley, Mc-
Kune and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Schenk seconded by Twam-
ley, that we give E. Beach the privilege
of having what water is needed for
sprinkling streets free of charge, said
Beach to pay for water used for other
purposes, and said Beach is to tap water
main at his own expense.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Twamley seconded by Bach-
man, that we ask for bids for health offi-
cer for the ensuing year.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, McKune, Twam-
ley and Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by McKune seconded by Bach-
man, that we adjourn until Friday night
April 28th 1899. Carried.

W. H. Heeselschwerdt,
Village Clerk.

Chelsea, Mich. April 28th, 1899.
Board met pursuant to adjournment.
Meeting called to order by J. A. Bach-
man, president pro tem. Roll called by
the clerk. Present—Trustees Schenk,
Vogel, Twamley, Avery and Bachman.
Absent—Geo. P. Staffan, President and
Trustee McKune.

Moved and supported 'hat we give the
M. E. church society the right to use one
half of the street in front of their property
while they are constructing the new
church. Carried.

Moved by Twamley seconded by Avery
that we accept the bid of Dr. G. W. Pal-
mer and that he be appointed health offi-
cer of this village for the ensuing year at
a salary of \$45.00. Carried.

Moved and supported that the follow-
ing bills be allowed for street work. Carried.

Mike Keelan 3 days with team

@ \$3.00

Mike Keelan 2 days with team

@ \$2.50

B. Steinbach 4 days with team

@ \$3.00

John Geddes 2 1/2 days with

team @ \$3.00

G. H. Foster 4 1/2 days holding

scraper @ \$1.75

42.87

Moved by Schenk seconded by Twam-
ley that the bond of Fenn and Vogel be
accepted with R. S. Armstrong and H. S.
Holmes as sureties.

Yeas—Schenk, Vogel, Twamley and
Bachman. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved and supported that the follow-
ing cement walk bills be allowed as read.

P. Hindelang 460 feet @

4c per foot

@ \$18.40

C. S. Martin 330 feet @

4c per foot

@ 12.80

H. H. Avery 330 feet @

4c per foot

@ 12.80

\$44.40

The chairman of the street committee
reported that they saw no reason to ob-
ject to D. B. Taylor's addition to the vil-
lage.

Moved by Twamley seconded by Schenk
that the dedication of Dewey avenue
across the same be confirmed and opened.

Yeas—Schenk, Twamley, Avery and
Bachman. Refusing to vote, Vogel.
Carried.

Moved and supported that the petition
of Dr. Hamilton and others regarding
sidewalks be accepted. Carried.

WALKS TO BE REPAIRED.

F. Staffan South Main street.

C. Baur South Main street.

John Conaty South Main street.

Wm. Merker South Main street.

R. Hoppe South Main street.

G. Grau South Main street.

Mrs. Clark South Main street.

John Heeselschwerdt South Main street.

John Foster South Main street.

Mrs. Newberger Cor. Main and Sum-
mit.

T. McKune Main street.

D. Cummings Orchard street.
S. Hirth Orchard street.
Mrs. Glover Orchard street.
B. Parker

Jay Everett Summit street.
Phil Keuch Summit street.
Mrs. Gorman Summit street.
E. Monroe Summit street.

A. Congdon Grant street.
Moved and supported that the marshal
notify the above property owners to re-
pair their walks. Carried.

W. H. Heeselschwerdt,
Village Clerk.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-
tenaw, s. s. At a session of the Probate
Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the
Probate office in the City of Ann Arbor on
Saturday the 8th day of April in the year
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of John Henry
Reich deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly ver-
ified, of Richard Reich praying that a certain in-
strument now on file in this Court, purporting
to be the last will and testament of said de-
ceased may be admitted to probate and that
administration of said estate may be granted to
himself the executor in said will named or to
some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the
8th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the
forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of
said petition, and that the devisees,
legatees and heirs at law of said de-
ceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required
to appear at a session of said Court, then to be
holden at the Probate Court in the City of
Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be,
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be
allowed. And it is further ordered, that said
petitioner give notice to the persons interest-
ed in said estate, of the pendency of said peti-
tion, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy
of this order to be published in the Chelsea
Standard, a newspaper printed and circu-
lated in said county, three successive weeks pre-
vious to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

P. J. Lehman, Probate Register.

12

PROBATE ORDER.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, s. s. At a session of the Probate
Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of
Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 18 day of
April in the year one thousand eight
hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of
Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Wm.
Martin, jr., deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly
verified, of Edna Martin praying that the
administration of said estate may be
granted to herself or some other suitable
person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday,
the 15 day of May next, at ten o'clock in
the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of
said petition, and that the heirs-at-law
of said deceased, and all other person in-
terested in said estate, are required to
appear at a session of said Court, then to
be holden at the Probate Office, in the
City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any
there be why the prayer of the petitioner
should not be granted. And it is further
ordered, that said petitioner give notice
to the persons interested in said estate, of
the pendency of said petition, and the
hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this
order to be published in the Chelsea
Standard a newspaper printed and circu-
lated in said county three successive
weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,

Judge of Probate.

A TRUE COPY.

P. J. Lehman, Probate Register.

13

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions
of certain mortgage dated, January 3d, 1881
executed by John McKendry and his wife
McKendry, Michigan to Frederick Pistorius,
recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds
of the County of Washtenaw, State of Michi-
gan, in Liber 14 of mortgages on page 635. Which said
mortgage was on the 25 day of January 1881 duly
assigned by the said Frederick Pistorius to
Leonard Gruener guardian of Jacob Fischer
minors by deed of assignment recorded in the
office of said Register of Deeds, January 25,
1881 in Liber 7 of assignments of mortgages on
page 90; and duly assigned by the said Leonard
Gruener guardian of Jacob Fischer minors to
William John McKendry by deed of assignment
recorded in the office of the said Register of
Deeds of the County of Washtenaw, State of
Michigan, in Liber 12 of assignments of mortgages
on page 278. Upon which said mortgage there is claimed
to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice
the sum of nine hundred sixty two and 80/100
dollars; and no suit or proceedings at law
having been instituted to recover the debt now re-
maining secured by said mortgage or any part
thereof. By which default the power of sale
contained in said mortgage has become operative.
Notice is therefore hereby given that by
virtue of said power of sale the pursuance
of the statute in such cases made and provided
said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the
premises therein described at public auction to
the highest bidder at and on the 10th day of
June next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day; which said
premises are described in said mortgage as fol-
lows: All that certain piece or parcel of land
situated in the township of York, Washtenaw
county, Michigan, known and described as land
No. 10, to-wit: All the south three-eighths of the
east half of the south-east quarter of section
eight (8) containing thirty acres.

Dated, March 7th, 1899.

WILLIAM JOHN MCKENDRY,

Assignee of Mortgage.

FRANK E. JONES, Attorney for Assignee.

16

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions
of certain indenture of mortgage executed by
Chelsea Recreation Park Association of Chelsea,
Washtenaw County, State of Michigan, a
corporation organized and doing business
under the laws of the State of Michigan to Frank
H. Sweetland of the township of Sylvan, state
of Michigan, and county aforesaid on the 24 day
of A. D. 1886 and recorded in